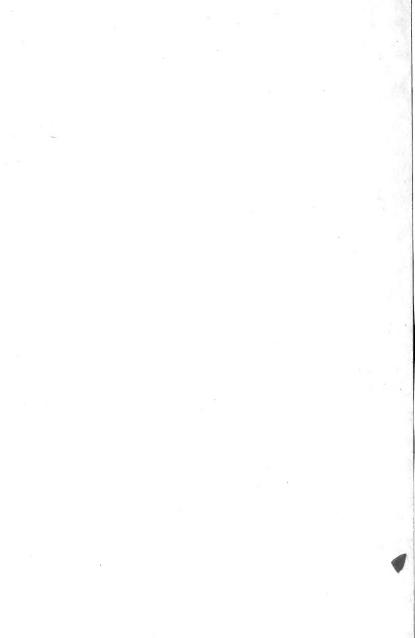
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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





SUPERIOR FERTILIZERS

For the Lawn, Garden or Farm

(The Name ANDORRA quarantees the quality)

CANADA UNLEACHED HARD-WOOD ASHES (ANDORRA BRAND)

Are a complete fertilizer, replenishing worn-out soils, and, for the lawn or pasture, are economical and valuable. For the lawn, they are easy to handle, produce no offensive odors, are not unsightly, and, quickly leaching into the soil, the chemical properties are at once available for plant food.

Our ashes are selected only from the hard-wood districts of Canada. are carefully screened, and put in convenient packages. Apply at the rate of 1,000 to 1,500 lbs. per acre for top-dressing, or 2,000 to 2,500

lbs, for new lawns.

F. O. B. cars....\$0 85 \$1 25 \$2 00 By wagon.....1 00 1 50 2 50 Ton Cars, 15 to 20 tons \$18 00 At special At special 20 00 prices.

PREPARED LIME

Where soils, from constant applications of manure, are sour and need a fertilizer to sweeten them, lime is a valuable agent. It quickly puts the soil in condition to assimilate plant-food. It frees the potash, phosphoric acid and nitrogen already in the soil, and turns the nitro-

gen into the rich nitrates valuable for plant use.

Our prepared lime is fresh from the kilns, clean, well burnt, thoroughly decarbonized and especially prepared, so that it will go three times as far as the lump lime generally used, and is fine enough to run through a drill. Use 500 lbs. per acre.

F. O. B. cars ...\$1 00 \$11 00 \$11 00 \$9 per ton.

Ry wagon ... 1 25 ...\$1 00 \$13 00 Cars. 12 to 25 tons

POTASH AND PREPARED LIME

Where potash is needed in addition to lime, this preparation will be found valuable. It contains 4% actual potash, equal to 8% of sulphate of potash, the prepared lime being used as a filler, and makes a valuable top-dresser for lawn, pasture, or grass lands. Apply at the rate of 500 lbs. per acre.

F. O. B. cars. 100-lb. bag \$\)
Structure{100-lb. bag} \text{ST on \$13 50} \text{13 50} \text{15 50} Ton S13 50 Cars, 12 to 25 tons \$11 50 per ton.

PEAT We have on hand a stock of carefully selected peat, suitable for potting or planting Rhododendrons and shrubs that need such soil. Sack of about 100 lbs., \$1. In sacks, \$15 per ton.

SPHAGNUM MOSS

An excellent quality on hand. Large bales, \$2 each.

Andorra Nurseries

CHESTNUT HILL, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

OUR NURSERIES are extensive, covering six hundred acres, of which over three hundred are planted with trees and shrubs. They are easy of access, as Chestnut Hill is the terminus of branches of the Pehnsylvania and the Philadelphia & Reading railroads, and the Chestnut Hill (City Line) trolley runs from the stations to within three minutes' walk of the Nurseries.

QUALITY.—The trees and shrubs offered are grown in open, unsheltered ground, in a very exposed situation, which insures their hardiness, and on soil admirably adapted for forming robust plants having an abundance of roots. Special attention is called to the fact that our stock is grown a good distance apart in the rows, insuring heavier trees and shrubs than are generally offered.

SHIPPING SEASON opens about March 1 in the spring and August 15 in

the fall.

INSPECTION AND FUMIGATION.—Our stock is regularly inspected and certificate will be sent with each shipment. Stock will be fumigated when requested or when the State laws require it.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

ORDERS .- All orders are accepted subject to the following terms and conditions. Write plainly and give explicit directions as to address and mode of shipment

STOCK SELECTED by customers at the Nurseries will be charged ac-

cording to the value of the trees chosen.

QUANTITY.—Lots of 5 and 50 will be furnished at the 10 and 100 rates respectively.

PACKING.—All goods are thoroughly packed, thus avoiding risk, if delayed in transit. Packing charges are made at actual cost.

FORWARDING.—Shipments will be forwarded exactly as directed; but when without instructions, we will use our best judgment and forward by shortest and safest route. We recommend all herbaceous plants be shipped by express.

RISK .- All goods are at purchaser's risk after they are delivered to the forwarding companies and we receive their receipt for the shipment in good

CLAIMS for damage while in transit must be made to the delivering company. Have delivering agent note the damaged condition on the freight

bill and present your claim through him promptly.

GUARANTEE AND CLAIMS .- All goods are guaranteed true to name, full count, up to grade, and in good condition when shipped. Any plant proving untrue to name will be replaced. Claims to receive consideration must be made within five days after receipt of goods. We give no quarantee of the life of stock.

TERMS, CASH WITH ORDER, except to persons who satisfy us as to

their responsibility.

Local and Long Distance Telephone

Address all orders to

ANDORRA NURSERIES

WM. WARNER HARPER, Prop.

CHESTNUT HILL, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Telegraphic Address CHESTNUT HILL. PHILADELPHIA

Cable Address "ANDORRA." PHILADELPHIA



Transplanting Norway Spruce

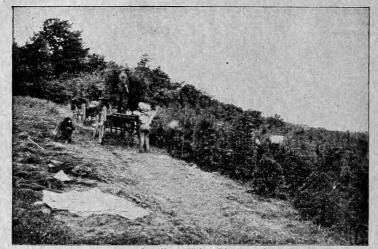
EVERGREEN TREES

Each	10
ABIES balsamea. Balsam Fir. 2½ to 3 ft\$1 5	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
4 to 5 ft\$200 per 100 3 0	0 27 50
Canadensis. See Tsuga Canadensis.	
concolor. White Fir. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0 20 00
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft	
6 to 7 ft	
nobilis, var. glauca. Noble Silver Fir. 3 to 3½ ft 3 5	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
4 to 6 ft	
3 to 3½ ft	
$3\frac{1}{7}$ to 4 ft 6 0	
4 to 4⅓ ft. Specimens	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. Specimens	
5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens	0
6 to 12 ft. Fine specimens. Prices on application.	0 00 00
pectinata. European Silver Fir. 4 to 5 ft 2 5 5 to 6 ft 3 0	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 20 & 00 \\ 0 & 27 & 50 \end{array}$
5 to 6 ft	
Veitchii. Veitch's Silver Fir. 5 to 7 ft\$7.50 to 10 0	
BIOTA orientalis. Oriental Arborvitæ. 3 to 4 ft 2 0	0 15 00
5 to 6 ft	
6 to 7 ft	0 30 00
7 to 10 ft\$5 to 10 0	
orientalis, var. aurea. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	0

	Each	10
BIOTA orientalis, var. aurea nana. 15 to 18 in	2 00	
orientalis, var. aurea pyramidalis.	3 50	
4 to 5 ft	5 00	
5 to 7 ft	1 30	
orientalis, var. compacta. Compact Chinese Arborvitæ.	3 50	\$30 00
3½ to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft.	$\frac{4}{5} \frac{00}{00}$	$\begin{array}{c} 35 & 00 \\ 45 & 00 \end{array}$
5 to 6 ft	7 50	70 00
orientalis, var. conspicua. 4 to 5 ft	$\frac{5}{7} \frac{00}{50}$	70 00
orientalis, var. elegantissima. Rollinson's Golden Ar-	1 30	10 00
borvitæ. 3 to 3½ ft	3 50	
3½ to 4 ft	7 50	
orientalis, var. filiformis; syn., Japonica. Thread- branched Arborvitæ. 2 to 2½ ft		
branched Arborvitæ. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $3\frac{1}{2$	$\frac{2}{3} \frac{00}{50}$	
4 to 5 ft		
orientalis, var. semperaurescens. Ever-golden Arbor-	9 50	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{2}{3} \frac{50}{50}$	
CEDRUS Atlantica, var. glauca. Mt. Atlas Silver Cedar-		
4 to 5 ft	3 50	$\begin{array}{c} 32 \ 50 \\ 42 \ 50 \end{array}$
6 to 7 ft	6 00	55 00
7 to 8 ft	7 50 3 50	
Deodara. Deodar, or Indian Cedar. 3 to 3½ ft 5 to 6 ft	5 00	
Libani, var. Sargenti pendula. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft		
CEPHALOTAXUS Fortunei. Fortune's Yew. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	
5 to 6 ft. Very broad and heavy	7 50	
pedunculata. 5 to 6 ft	7 50	
CRYPTOMERIA Japonica elegans. 5 to 6 ft	$\frac{5}{7} \frac{00}{50}$	
6 to 7 ft	2 50	23 50
6 to 7 ft	$\frac{6}{7} \frac{00}{50}$	
ILEX opaca. American Holly. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. Very heavy	2 00	
JUNIPERUS Canadensis. (Spreading) Canadian Juniper— 12 to 15 in.	1 00	9 00
15 to 18 in	1 50	12 50
18 to 24 in.	2 00	
Canadensis, var. aurea; syn., Douglasi. Douglas' Golden Juniper. 12 to 15 in	1 00	
15 to 18 in	1 50	
18 to 24 in. Heavy		
2 ft. Heavy	3 50	32 50 40 00
3 x 3½ ft		188714
Juniper. 12 to 18 in	1 25	
10 10 24 111	2 00	11 30

0	ANDORNA NOROCKIES	
	Each	. 10
JUNIPERUS	Chinensis. Chinese Juniper. 3 ft\$2 00	\$17 50
	3½ to 4 ft	32 50
	$\frac{4^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2}$ to 5 ft	45 00
	5 to 6 ft 6 00 6 to 7 ft	55 00 70 00
	Chinensis, var. argentea marginata. A grand	10 00
	hardy variety. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 3 00	27 50
	3½ to 4 ft	42 50
	$\frac{1}{4}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	47 50
	5 to 6 ft	
	Chinensis, var. aurea. Golden Chinese Juniper—	
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft,	
	3 to 3⅓ ft	
	Chinensis, var. femina Reevesii. 3 to 3½ ft 2 50	
	Chinensis, var. Pfitzeriana. 3 ft	
	communis. Common Upright Juniper-	10 50
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13 50
	4 to 5 ft	
	communis, var. Hibernica. Irish Juniper—	
	3 to 4 ft	
	communis, var. oblonga. 4 to 5 ft	
	communis, var. Suecica. Swedish Juniper— 2 to 2½ ft	
	4 to 5 ft	
	3 to 3\frac{1}{2} ft	
	Japonica. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
	3 to 3⅓ ft	
	Japonica, var. aurea. Golden Japan Juniper-	13 50
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{13}{22} \frac{50}{50}$
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 3 50	$\tilde{32} \tilde{50}$
	3 to 3½ ft ◆ 4 00	37 50
	3½ to 4 ft.	47 50
	4 to 5 ft	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	22 50
	recurva, var. squamata. Scalv-leaved—	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 50
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	rigida. 7 to 8 ft	92 90
	Sabina. Savin Juniper. 12 to 15 in 1 00	9 00
	18 to 24 in	18 50
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	22 50
	Juniper. 14 to 2 ft	12 50
	2 to 2½ ft	32 50
		13 50
	1½ to 2 ft. 2 00 2 to 2½ ft. 3 00	18 50 27 50
No Kennes	Virginiana. Red, or Virginia Cedar. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 1 50	13 50
	21 to 4 ft 2 50	22 50
	4½ to 5 ft.	32 50
	5 to 8 ft,	

Each	10
JUNIPERUS Virginiana, var. glauca. Blue Virginia Cedar—	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Extra heavy	32 50
5 to 6 ft. Extra heavy	55 00
6 to 8 ft	00.00
Virginiana, var. Kosteri (spreading)—	
15 to 18 in	13 50
18 to 24 in	23 50
2 to 2½ ft	27,50
Virginiana, var. Leei elegantissima. Golden Vir-	
ginian Cedar—	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	20 00
$\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Extra heavy	32 50
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. Extra heavy	
5 to 7 ft. Extra heavy + \$7.50 to 10 00	00 100
Virginiana, var. pendula. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	22 50
Virginiana, var. Schotti. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	20 00
4 to 5 ft	32 50
5 to 6 ft	45 00
6 to 7 ft	10 50
PICEA alba. White Spruce. 2½ to 3 ft	12 50
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20 00 30 00
4 to 5 ft	45 00
5 to 6 ft. Specimens	70 00
6 to 9 ft. Very fine specimens+\$7.50 to 15 00	.0.00
Alcockiana. Alcock's Spruce. 2½ to 3 ft 3 50	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 5 00	
4 to 6 ft,\$6 to 7 50	
Engelmanni. Engelmann's Spruce-	
4 to 7 ft	
excelsa. Norway Spruce. 2½ to 3 ft	9 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 00$	18 50
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	22 50
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	27 50
$\frac{4^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2}$ to 5 ft	32 50
5 to 6 ft. Specimens 5 00	45 00 57 50
6 to 7 ft. Specimens	91 90
excelsa, var. aurea. Golden Norway Spruce. 5 to 5½ ft. 5 00	
excelsa, var. inverta. Weeping Norway Spruce— 3 ft	
4 ft	
5 to 7 ft	
excelsa, var. Remonti. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	32 50
orientalis. Eastern Spruce. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 50	32 50
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	45 00
4½ to 5 ft	WINDS IN
5 to 8 ft	
pinsapo. Spanish Fir. 2 to 2½ ft	22 50
2½ to 3 ft 3 50	32 50
polita. Tiger's Tail Spruce. 5 to 7 ft\$5 to 10 00	



Loading White Pines

Each	1 10
PICEA pungens. Colorado Spruce. 2 to 2½ ft	0 \$22 50
2½ to 3 ft	0 27 50
$\tilde{3}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 4 0	
0 10 05 11.	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	0 45 00
4 to 5 ft,	U
6 to 8 ft,	0
pungens, var. glauca. Blue Colorado Spruce-	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	0 28 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\hat{3}$ ft	0 32 50
3 to 3½ ft	
3½ to 4 ft	
5 to 10 ft	
pungens, var. Kosteriana. Koster's Blue Colorado	
Springs 9 to 91 ft	0 32 50
Spruce. 2 to 2½ ft	0 02 00
3 to 3½ ft	0
91 1 4 4 4	0
3½ to 4 ft	0
4 to 5 ft	0
6 to 7 ft. Grand specimens	0
pungens, var. pendula. Weeping Blue Colorado Spruce-	
3½ to 4 ft. Fine specimens 10 0	
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Fine specimens	0
PINUS Austriaca. Austrian Pine. 2 to 2½ ft 1 5	0 12 50
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	0 20 00
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 5	0 32 50
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	
5 to 8 ft	.0
Cembra. Swiss Stone Pine. 2 to 2½ ft 2 5	
2½ to 3 ft	
3 to 3 ft, 4 0	
3+ to 4 ft	
■ 4 to 4 ft	
t to 72 1t.	

	Ea	ch	10
PINUS excelsa. Bhotan Pine. 2 to 2½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft. 3 to 3½ ft. 4 to 4½ ft. 5 to 7 ft. montana. Mountain Pine. 1½ to 2 ft. 2 to 2½ ft. Mughus. Dwarf Mountain Pine. 12 to 15 in. 15 to 18 in. 18 in. ponderosa. Bull Pine. 4 to 5 ft.	.\$1 .3 .4 .5 .1 .2 .1 .2 .3	50 50 50 00 00 50 00 50 00 50 50	\$13 50 22 50 32 50 37 50 47 50 13 50 17 50 12 50 17 50 32 50
5 to 6 ft.	. 4	00 50	37 50 32 50
rigida. Pitch Pine. 3 to 4 ft\$4 to 7 ft\$4	0 7		52 90
Strobus. White Pine. 15 to 18 in per 100, \$25. 1 1/2 to 2 ft.	. 1 . 1 . 2 . 3 . 4 . 5 . 15	50 75 00 50 00 50 50 00 00	4 00 6 00 8 50 12 50 17 50 20 00 27 50 32 50
sylvestris. Scotch Pine. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 5 to 8 ft. 6 to 8 ft. \$5 to 8 ft.	$\begin{array}{c} \cdot & 2 \\ \cdot & 3 \\ \cdot & 4 \\ \hline \cdot & 7 \end{array}$	50	12 00 22 50 32 50 37 50
Tanyosho (Dwarf Japanese variety)— $\frac{1_{\frac{1}{2}}}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{2}$ ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{2}$ ft. PODOCARPUS Japonica. Japanese Yew. 2 to $\frac{2}{2}$ ft. $\frac{2}{2}$ to 3 ft. PSEUDOTSUGA Douglasi. Douglas' Spruce. 3 to 4 ft. $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{4}{6}$ ft. $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{6}{6}$ ft\$3.50 tRETINOSPORA ericoides. Heath-like Japan Cypress—	. 5 . 2 . 3 . 1 . 2	50 00 50 50 75 50 00	22 50 32 50 15 00 22 50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$. 2	50 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
filifera. Thread-branched Japan Cypress— 2 to 2½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft. 3 to 3½ ft. 3½ to 4 ft. Specimens. 4 to 8 ft. Specimens. 4 us 8 ft. Specimens. 4 us 8 ft. Specimens. 4 x 2 x 2 ft. 2 x 2 ft. 4 x 2 x 2 ft. 4 x 2 x 2 x 2 x 2 x 2 x 2 x 2 x 2 x 2 x	3 5 7 20	50	22 50 32 50
$\frac{2}{x}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. filifera, var. aurea variegata. Golden Variegated Thread-branched Japan Cypres. 4 ft.	. 5 e- s.	00	
		-	

10 .	ANDURKA NURSERIES	
	Each	10
RETINOSPORA	leptoclada. Thuya-like Japan Cypress-	-
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	\$22 50
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	27 50
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	32 50
	lycopodioides. Club-moss Japan Cypress—	
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $+$ 2 50 3 to 4 ft. $+$. \$3.50 to 5 00	
	4 to 5 ft	
	obtusa. Obtuse-leaved Japan Cypress-	
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	18 50
	$\frac{21}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ ft	22 50
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	32 50 47 5 0
85	5 to 8 ft	11 00
	obtusa, var. compacta. Compact Obtuse-	
	leaved Japan Cypress, 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 50	22 50
	2½ to 3 ft	
	obtusa, var. gracilis. Graceful Obtuse-leaved	. 99 50
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} & 22 & 50 \\ & 32 & 50 \end{array}$
	$3^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to $3^{\frac{1}{3}}$ ft	47 50
	3 to 3½ ft	
	obtusa, var. nana. Dwarf Obtuse-leaved Japan	
	Cypress. 1 ft. $\stackrel{\bigstar}{}$ 2 00 $\stackrel{\dagger}{}$ 1½ ft. $\stackrel{\dagger}{}$ 2 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
	2 ft. 3 00	27 50
	21 ##	37 50
	3 ft 5 00 3 ft 6 00 4 to 5 ft. Specimens \$7.50 to 15 00	47 50
971	3½ ft 6 00	55 00
,	obtusa, var. nana aurea. Dwarf Golden Ob-	
	tuse-leaved Japan Cypress—	
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
	4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
	$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. Specimens. $+$. \$7.50 to 10 00 pisifera. Pea-fruited Japan Cypress. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2 50	22 50
	pisifera. Pea-fruited Japan Cypress. 2 to 2½ ft. 2 50 3 to 3½ ft	$\frac{22}{32} \frac{50}{50}$
	4 to 4\frac{1}{2} ft	47 50
	4½ to 5 ft 6 00	55 00
	5 to 6 ft	70 00
	6 to 7 ft. Specimens	
	Cypress. 1½ to 2 ft	
	2 to 2½ ft	18 00
	2½ to 3 ft. 3 00 3 to 3½ ft. 3 50	27 50
	3 to 3 ft. 3 00 3 to 4 ft. 4 00	$\begin{array}{c} 30 & 00 \\ 37 & 50 \end{array}$
	4 to 4½ ft 5 00	47 50
	5 to 6 ft. Specimens + \$7.50 to 12 50 6 to 8 ft. Specimens + \$12.50 to 15 00	
	6 to 8 ft. Specimens \$12.50 to 15 00	
	plumosa. Plume-like Japan Cypress. 1½ ft 1 00	$\begin{array}{ccc} 9 & 00 \\ 13 & 50 \end{array}$
	1½ to 2 ft	$\begin{array}{cccc} & 13 & 50 \\ & 22 & 50 \end{array}$
	24 to 3 ft 3 50	$\frac{1}{32} \frac{1}{50}$
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	37 50
	$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$ 4 00 $3\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.}$ Specimens $4 \text{ .$5 to } 7 \text{ 50}$ $4 \text{ to } 6 \text{ ft.}$ Specimens $4 \text{ .$7.50 to } 12 \text{ 50}$	
	4 to o it. Specimens 7 \$1.50 to 12 50	

PRICE-LIST FOR FALL OF 1908

RETINOSPORA plumosa, var. argentea. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \$9 \ 00 \\ 22 \ 50 \end{array}$
5 to 6 ft	32 50 70 00
Plumosa, var. aurea. Golden Plume-like Japan Cypress. 12 in. 50 12 to 18 in. 75 2 to 2½ ft. 250 2½ to 3 ft. 350 3 to 3½ ft. 400 3½ to 4 ft. Specimens 50 50 kg to 7 50 5 to 8 ft. Specimens 50 kg to 7 50 5 to 8 ft. Specimens 50 kg to 7 50 5 to 8 ft. Specimens 50 kg to 7 50 5 to 8 ft. Specimens 50 kg to 3½ ft. 50	4 00 6 00 22 50 32 50
squarrosa. Squarrose-leaved Japan Cypress— 1½ to 2 ft. 1 50 2 to 2½ ft. 2 50 2½ to 3 ft. Sheared; heavy 3 50 3 to 3½ ft. Sheared; heavy 5 00 3½ to 4 ft. Heavy specimens 7 50 4 to 4½ ft. Heavy specimens 10 00 4½ to 5 ft. Heavy specimens. \$12.50 to 15 00 5 to 12 ft. \$15 to 35 00 This is excellent stock; exceptionally broad, bushy and low-branched.	13 50 22 50 30 00 45 00 70 00 90 00
SCIADOPITYS verticillata. Umbrella Pine. 3 to 3½ ft ← 4 00 4 to 5 ft	13 50
Canadensis, var. aurea. Golden Canadian Yew— 2 ft	22 50 32 50 47 50
baccata. English Yew. 1½ to 2 ft. 1 50 2 to 2½ ft. 2 00 2½ to 3 ft. 2 50 3 to 3½ ft. 3 50 3½ to 4 ft. 5 00 4 to 4½ ft. Specimens 7 50 4½ to 6 ft. Specimens + \$7.50 to 15 00 baccata, var. adpressal Adpressed Yew. 3 to 3½ ft. 3 50 baccata, var. aurea. Golden English Yew—	12 50 17 50 22 50 32 50 47 50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25 00 32 50
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$ 4 00 $3\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.}$ Specimens $+$.\$5 to 12 50 $5 \text{ to } 6 \text{ ft.}$ Specimens $+$.\$15 to 20 00	35 00

T.

	Each	10
AXUS baccata, var. elegantissima. Elegant English Yew-3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $\overline{4}$ ft	to 7 50	
baccata, var. erecta. Erect English Yew— 2 to 2½ ft	2 50	20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	to 7 50	
baccata, var. erecta aurea. Erect Golden English 1	ew—	
baccata, var. erecta, Overeynder. (Form similar Fastigiata.) 4 to 4½ ft.	to	
Fastigiata.) 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{600}{750}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 55 & 00 \\ 72 & 50 \end{array}$
5 to 6 ft	to 12 50	12 50
baccata, var. fastigiata. Irish Yew. 1½ ft	150	13 50
3 ft. 3½ ft.	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{3}{50}$	32 50
4 to 6 ft. Specimens		
baccata, var. fastigiata aurea. Golden Irish Yew-		00.50
2 ft. 2½ ft.		$\begin{array}{cccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	to 10 00	
4 to 5 ft	to 15 00	
Your 4- to 5 tr Spacemans - So	TO 7 OU	
baccata, var. gracilis pendula. 3 to 3½ ft	to 7 50 to 15 00	
baccata, var. Washingtoni aurea. Washington's Gold	den	
cuspidata. Abrupt-leaved Japan Yew. 12 to 15 in.	2 00	18 50
2 II. 2½ ft	5 00	
cuspidata, var. brevifolia. 12 to 15 in $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{50}$	18 50
9) f+	2 50	
2.4 ft	► 5 OU	
cuspidata, var. capitata. 1½ ft.	$\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{50}{50}$	
25 ft	▶ 5 UU	
THUJOPSIS borealis; syn., Cupressus Nutkaensis. Yellow	or	
Sitka Cypress— 3 to 4 ft. 5 to 7 ft. Specimens	→ 3 50	32 50
5 to 7 ft. Specimens	to 15 00	
horealis, var. latifolia glauca. Glaucous Sitka press. 3½ to 4 ft	3 50 5 to 7 50	32 50
borealis, var. pendula. Drooping Sitka Cypres 4 to 5 ft.	s- 3 00	
5 to 7 ft	♦ 4 00	37 50
8 to 9 ft. Specimens	♦12 50	

	Each	10
### Accidentalis. American Arborvitæ— 2½ to 3 ft.	3 00 3 50 4 00 4 50 10 00 15 00	\$8 00 10 00 13 50 19 00 22 50 32 50 32 50 42 50
2½ to 3 ft. 3 to 3½ ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 7 to 8 ft. Specimens. + \$7.50 to 8 to 10 ft. Specimens. + \$10 to occidentalis, var. Douglasi. 3 to 3½ ft.	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \\ 4 & 00 \\ 5 & 00 \end{array}$	13 50 22 50 37 50 45 00
5 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 6 to 7 ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	27 50 32 50 37 50 45 00 70 00
occidentalis, var. globosa. Globe Arborvitæ— 15 to 18 in	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 13 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
occidentalis, var. Hoveyi. Hovey's Golden Arborvitæ— 2 ft. 2½ to 3 ft. Very heavy 3 to 3½ ft. Very heavy occidentalis, var. Lobbi. Lobb's Arborvitæ. 4 to 4½ ft 4½ to 5 ft. occidentalis, var. Lobbi aurea. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. occidentalis, var. pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvitæ—	1 50 2 50 3 50	13 50 22 50 32 50 27 50 42 50 32 50 42 50
3 to 3\frac{1}{2} ft. 3\frac{1}{2} to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. Occidentalis, var. recurva nana. 2\frac{1}{2} to 3 ft. cocidentalis, var. Tom Thumb. 1 ft. cocidentalis, var. Vervæne's Arborvitæ—	2 00 2 50 3 50 5 00	$\begin{array}{c} 13 \ 50 \\ 17 \ 50 \\ 22 \ 50 \\ 32 \ 50 \end{array}$
2½ to 3 ft. 3 to 3½ ft. 3 to 3½ ft. 3½ to 4 ft. 4½ to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 6 to 7 ft. Specimens 7 to 8 ft. Specimens 8 to 9 ft. Specimens	3 00 3 50 4 00 4 50 5 00 8 00	27 50 32 50 37 50 42 50 47 50
occidentalis, var. Wareana. Siberian Arborvitæ— 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 4 ft. 4 ft. 4\frac{1}{2} ft.; very heavy 5 ft.; very heavy 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; very heavy 5 to $6\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; very heavy	3 50 5 00 6 00 7 50 7 50	22 50 32 50 47 50 57 50 72 50

	Each	10
THUYA occidentalis, var. Wareana aurea. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	.\$2 50	\$22 50
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft		28 00
$4\frac{7}{2}$ to 5 ft		42 50
5 to 6 ft		47 50
TSUGA Canadensis. Hemlock. 1½ to 2 ft	. 75	4 00
$\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{2}$ ft		7 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	. 1 25	10 00
2 40 21 64		13 50
3½ to 4 ft) GRAND (per 100, \$125.		17 50
$\frac{4}{4}$ to $\frac{41}{5}$ ft) STOCK (per 100, \$185.	. 2 25	20 00
4½ to 5 ft / STOCK \	. 2 50	22 50
5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft	. 3 00	27 50
$5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 ft		32 50
6 to 10 ft. Heavy specimens\$4 to	15 00	
The finest and largest stock offered.		
Canadensis, var. Sargenti pendula. Weeping Hemlock		
2 to 5 ft. Specimens		
Caroliniana. Southern Hemlock. 3 to 3½ ft		
6 to 7 ft. Specimens	.15 00	
Hookeriana. Alpine Hemlock. 2½ to 3 ft		22 50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3 00	27 50
4 to $4\frac{1}{9}$ ft.	4 00	$\frac{1}{37} \frac{1}{50}$
5 to 6 ft\$5 t		0.00
Sieboldi. Japanese Hemlock. 4 to 5 ft	. 3 50	



Showing fibrous roots of hemlock.



A Block of Box Bush and Evergreens.

EVERGREEN SHRUBS

Each	10
ANDROMEDA Catesbæi. See Leucothoë. floribunda. 12 in.	16 00
Japonica. 12 in. 1 25 12 to 15 in. 1 50 15 to 18 in. 2 00	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
AZALEA amœna. 12 to 15 in	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
8 to 10 in	6 00
2 ft	20 00
BUXUS Japonica; syn., Fortunei. Japanese Box. 1 to 1½ ft., 1 50	
1½ to 2 ft	17 50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 50 15 00 22 50
sempervirens. Common Box. Ball-shaped—	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$)

BUXUS sempervirens. 1 ft. 1½ ft.; light 2 ft.; 2½ ft.; 3 ft.; 3½ ft.; 4 ft.; 4 ft.; 4 ft.; 5 to 5½ ft.; 5 to 5½ ft.; Sempervirens. Pyramids— Each Andorra-grown. per 100, \$40\$0 75 Andorra-grown. per 100, \$501 00 Andorra-grown. per 100, \$501 00 Andorra-grown. per 100, \$501 00 Andorra-grown. Specimens. 4 50 Andorra-grown. Specimens. 4 50 Andorra-grown. Specimens. 7 50 Andorra-grown. Specimens. 10 00 Specimens. 4 50 00	10 \$6 00 7 50 13 50 22 50 40 00 54 00 67 50 90 00
2½ ft.; Andorra-grown. Specimens	40 00 54 00 70 00 90 00 112 50 125 00
grown	13 50 22 50 32 50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	32 50 13 50 30 00 22 50
3 to 3½ ft	8 50 13 50 22 50 32 50
\$ to \$\frac{3}{2}\$ II. \$\$ 4 50 \$\frac{10}{5}\$ tf. \$\$ 5.00 to \$10 00\$ \$\$ 8 5.00 to \$10 00\$ \$\$ 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	42 50 75 1 50 2 00
CERASUS Laurocerasus Caucasica. Caucasian Laurel— 1 to 1½ ft. + 2 50 2 to 3 ft. + 2 50 3 to 3½ ft. + 3 50 Laurocerasus, var. Schipkaensis. 1 to 1½ ft. + 1 50 1½ to 2 ft. + 2 00 CHAMÆDAPHNE calyculata. Leather Leaf—	7 50 22 50 32 50 10 00 17 50
12 to 18 in+per 100, \$35 50 COTONEASTER microphylla. 12 in	4 00 6 00

TRICE-LIST TOR THEE OF 1800	1,
Eacl	h 10
CRATÆGUS Pyracantha. Evergreen Thorn. 12 in\$0 7 Pyracantha, var. Lelandi. Leland's Evergreen	75 \$6 00
Thorn. 1 ft	50 4 00
DAPHNE Cneorum. 8 to 12 in	00 9 50
EUONYMUS radicans and variegata. See Trailing Plants.	
Japonica. Japan Euonymus.	
	50 3 50
Japonica, var. aurea. Golden-leaved Japan Euony-	
	50 3 50
ILEX Aquifolium. Common English Holly—	0 0 00
3 to 4 ft\$3.50 to 5 (20
crenata. Japanese Holly. Box-leaved—	50
	50 12 50
	00 17 50
	50 32 50
3 ft	
crenata, var. latifolia. Broad-leaved Japanese Holly-	30 40 00
	00 17 50
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50 32 50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
crenata, var. microphylla. Small-leaved Japanese Holly-	30 41 30
19 to 15 in Pugher nor 100 \$50 1	00 8 50
12 to 15 in. Bushy	
13 to 2 ft. Bushy	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. Bushyper 100, \$100. 1 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2	
$\frac{2}{3}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy specimens	00 22 00
4 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy specimens\$7.50 to 12 to	50
KALMIA latifolia. Mountain Laurel. 2 ft 1 (00 8 50
3 ft	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy clumps	50 12 50
2 ft. Heavy clumps	00 17 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft Heavy clumps	50 22 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Heavy clumps	00 28 50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy clumps	50 32 50
3½ to 4 ft. Heavy clumps 5 (30
LAURELS. See Cerasus Laurocerasus.	
LEUCOTHOE Catesbæi. Drooping Andromeda—	
12 to 15 in. Clumps 1 (00 8 50
12 to 15 in. Clumps 1 (15 to 18 in. Clumps 1 5	50 12 50
MAHONIA Aquifolium. Holly-leaved—	
12 to 15 in	50 4 00
15 to 18 in. Heavyper 100, \$35	75 7 00
18 to 24 inper 100, \$60 1 (00 9 00
24 to 30 inper 100, \$100 1	50 13 50
Japonica. Japanese Mahonia—	00 10 50
	$\begin{array}{cccc} 00 & 18 & 50 \\ 00 & 27 & 50 \end{array}$
OSMANTHUS ilicifolia. 1½ to 2 ft	
	50 22 50 50 30 00
22 to 5 It	
PHILLYREA Vilmoriniana. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50 12 50



RHODODENDRONS

HIDRID	VARIETIES—ANDORRA GROWN,		
RHODODENDRONS. Ca	tawbiense Hybrids Assorted. Our selection of varieties— Each $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft per 100, \$100 . \$1 50 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 50 Our stock of large, heavy plants, $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. in height, is unusually fine. Prices on application.	\$12 20	
Ab	raham Lincoln. Rosy crimson.	00	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{22}{30}$	
All	bum elegans. White.	-	٠,
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30	
All	bum grandiflorum. White. 2 to 2½ ft 2 00 2½ to 3 ft	27	
Atı	rosanguineum. Dark scarlet. 2½ ft 3 50	32	5(
Be	tsy Parsons. Reddish purple. 3 to 4 ft		
Bla	andyanum. Rosy crimson. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 2 00 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2 50 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 3 50 to 5 00 3 to 4 ft. Specimens\$5 to 15 00	18 22	

	RIOD DIOI TOR THEE OF 1000	
DUODODENDONS	Each P. W. Fllight Doop rose 2 to 21 ft \$\frac{9}{2} 00	10 \$17 50
KHUDUDENDRUNS,	B. W. Elliott. Deep rose. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$2 00 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$3.50 to 5 00	
	Caractacus. Purplish crimson. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 2 00 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{cccc} 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
	2½ to 3 ft\$3.50 to 5 00	
	Charles Bagley. Bright red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 00 Charles Dickens. Scarlet. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 00	17 50 18 00
	Delicatissimum. White. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 150	13 50
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	17 50 32 50
	3° to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	22 50
	2\$ to 5 tt 5 00	32 50
	Everestianum. Rosy lilac. 2 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
	5 TL 9 UU	45 00
	General Grant. Red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 00 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 18 & 00 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$ 2 50 Giganteum. Rosy crimson. $1\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$ 1 50 2 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft.	13 50 32 50
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	James Bateman. Scarlet. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	15 00 17 50
	J. Marshall Brooks. Scarlet. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 2 00 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2 50 John Spencer. Rose. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 1 50	22 50 13 50
	tonn watter falco crimson is it a du	17 50
	2 ft. 2 50 2\frac{1}{2} ft. 3 50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	John Waterer. Carmine. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 00	17 50
	John Waterer. Carmine. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 2 00 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3 00 Lady Armstrong. Pale rose. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 2 00 2 to 2^{1} ft. 2 50 3 50 2 50	27 50 18 00
:	Lady Clermont Rosy scarlet	22 50
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	32 50
	Luciferum. Clear white. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 50 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$3.50 to 5 00	22 50
	2½ to 3 ft	
	Madam Carvalho. Clear white. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2 50	22 50
	Michael Waterer. Scarlet-crimson.	
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 50 \\ 27 & 50 \end{array}$
	Minnie. White. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\frac{22}{32} \frac{50}{50}$
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	17 50
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	27 50
	Mrs. Milner. Crimson. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2 00 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 2 50	18 00 23 50
	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 3 00$	27 50 13 50
	Old Port. Plum. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	12 50
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 23 & 50 \end{array}$
	3 to 3½ ft. 3 50 4 to 5 ft. \$5.00 to 7 50	32 50
	4 to 5 ft	32 50

BUODADENDONO DE L		Each	10
RHODODENDRONS, Pictum. White.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	\$2 50	#99 FA
2 to 21 ft	. 42 to 5 It	5 00	\$32 50 47 50
3½ to 4 ft.	\$5.00	to 7 50	41 90
purpureum grand	liflorum. Purple—		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.		3 50	32 50
roseum elegans.	Good rose. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	~ 2.00	17 50
2 to 2½ it.			22 50
2 to 25 It. 21 to 3 ft	Specimens	5 00	$\frac{30}{47} \frac{00}{50}$
3 to 4 ft.	Specimens \$7.50	o 15 00	T1 90
NATIVE VARIETIE	S. – ANDORRA GROV	VN	
RHODODENDRON Catawhiense. 2 to			\$12 50
2½ to 3 ft.	-2 It	$\frac{1.50}{2.50}$	$\frac{$12}{22} \frac{50}{50}$
3 to 3½ ft	. ali i i Più i a i i a di i a i tri i i . ♣	3 50	32 50
3½ to 4 ft	iflora. $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	to 7 50	
Catawhiense grand	iflora. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{200}{200}$	18 50
#20 0 It	Laurel. 15 to 18 in	3 00	27 50 7 50
1 to 2 ft	1, xurer 10 to 10 m.,	1 25	11 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		2 00	17 50
	والمراكب والمراور والمراورة والمراورة والمراكبة والمركبة والمراكبة والمراكبة والمراكبة والمراكبة		25 00
			40 00
We have an excellent stock of	larger engainers price		60 00
Having good facilities for collecting			
lected stock by the carload, in all			
Write us.	,		
DWARF VARIETIE	SANDORRA GROV	VN	
			\$13 50
			17 50
myrtifolium Myr	tle leaved 1 to 11 ft	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{50}{00}$	13 50 17 50
1½ to 2 ft	tle-leaved. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{50}$	20 00
odoratum. Fragra	ant. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\tilde{2}$ 50	$\frac{50}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
21 ft		-5.00	
punctatum. Dotte	d. 1 to 1½ ft	$\frac{1}{9} \frac{50}{50}$	13 50
Ulsonianum 11	to 2 ft.	2 50	$\begin{array}{cccc} 20 & 00 \\ 20 & 00 \end{array}$
			20 00
YUCCA filamentosa. Adam's Needle	. 3-yr	35	2 00
4-yr.	فراف أوالغا فأخر فرافرها فأكوا والواجا فالجا	50	. 3 00

DECIDUOUS TREES

Measurements are given as follows: Height is taken before digging, from the surface of the ground to the top branches where they round off to form the top; diameter of stem, or caliper, is taken above the collar.

ACER	campestris. Europe	ean Cork Maple.	4 to 5 ft	\$0 7		00
	5 to 6 ft			1 0		
						50
	8 to 10 ft.	به به م م م مرماه احاله احرام م	· Colling of superior	1 7	5 15	00
	colchicum, var. rub	rum. Red Colchic	eum Maple—			
	10 to 12 ft.; 2	21-in. cal		1 7	5 15	00
	12 to 14 ft : 2	$2^{\frac{3}{2}}$ to 3-in. cal.		3 5	0 - 32	50



End View of a Block of Norway Maples

End view of a block	or may mapros		
ACER dasycarpum. Silver Maple-	Each	10	100
10 to 12 ft.; 1½ to 2 in 12 to 14 ft.; 2 to 2½ in 12 to 14 ft.; 2½ to 3 in 12 to 14 ft.; 3 to 3½ in 4 to 6 in. Specimens A rapid grower for imme		\$8 50 12 50 15 00 20 00	\$125 00 150 00
dasycarpum. var. Wierii laciniat	um. Wier's		
Cut-leaved Silver Map 10 to 12 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	1 50	13 50 32 50	
Negundo. Ash-leaved Maple— 8 to 10 ft.; 1½ to 2 in 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to 2½ in 12 to 14 ft. Pennsylvanicum. 6 to 7 ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 50 10 00 17 50	
Platanoides. Norway Maple— 8 to 10 ft; 1½ in	1 50 1 75 2 00 2 50 3 00 4 00 4 50 5 00 7 50 10 00 to 20 feet in liper; clean,	8 50 12 50 15 00 17 50 22 50 27 50 35 00 42 50 42 50 90 00	75 00 100 00 135 00 160 00 225 00 300 00 400 00 700 00
· Specimen Norways. 14	to 20 feet in liper; clean,		

	THE PORTER TO ROBINIDO			
		ach	10	100
ACER	platanoides, var. purpurea. Schwedler's Purple			
	Maple. 8 to 10 ft.; 1½ to 2 in	50	\$12 50	
	10 to 12 ft.; 2½ to 2½ in	90	27 50	
	12 to 14 ft.; 27 to 5 lll	50	32 50	
37	16 to 18 ft 5 to 6 in \$20 to 25	90		
2	18 to 20 ft 6 to 10 in \$25 to 75	00		
	Broad-headed specimen trees.	00		
	platanoides, var. Reitenbachi. Reitenbach's			
	Purple Maple. 8 to 10 ft	00	17 50	
	Purple Maple. 8 to 10 ft 2 pseudo-platanus. European Sycamore Maple—		00	
	6 to 8 ft	75	6 00	
	8 to 10 ft	50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	00	17 50	
	12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	<u>50</u>	22 50	
	14 to 16 it. Specimens\$3.50 to 7	90		
	pseudo-piatanus, var. purpurea. Purpie Syca-	50	19 50	
	12 to 14 ft 21 in 2	90	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 17 & 50 \end{array}$	
	12 to 14 ft 3 to 5 in \$3.50 to 15	00	11 00	
	\$\text{sturopean Sycamore Maple} 6 to 8 ft \\ 8 to 10 ft \\ 10 to 12 ft \; 2 to 2\frac{1}{2} in \\ 2 \\ 12 to 14 ft \; 2\frac{1}{2} to 3 in \\ 2 \\ 14 to 46 ft \\ Specimens \\ \text{precimens} \\ prec			
	ruhrum Red or Scarlet Manle, 6 to 7 ft 1	00	8 50	\$75 0
	8 to 10 ft	50	12 50	100 0
	10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	00	17 50	125 0
	8 to 10 ft	00		
	12 to 14 tt.; 2½ to 3½ in \$2.50 to 3 saccharinum. Sugar Maple. 8 to 10 ft 1 10 to 12 ft.; 1½ to 1½ in 1 10 to 12 ft.; 1½ to 1½ in 1 12 to 14 ft.; 2½ to 2¾ in 2 12 to 14 ft.; 2½ to 2¾ in 2 12 to 14 ft.; 2½ to 3 in 4 14 to 16 ft.; 3 to 3½ in 5 14 to 16 ft.; 3 to 4 in \$7.50 to 35 Specimen low-branched trees of heavy caliner and good tons. Prices	00	8 50	^
	10 to 12 ft.; $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ in	25	10 00	$\frac{75}{100}$ 0
	10 to 12 it.; 1½ to 1¼ in.	50	$\frac{12}{20}$ $\frac{50}{00}$	$\frac{100}{150} \frac{0}{0}$
	12 to 14 ft . 21 to 23 in	50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 00 \\ 32 & 00 \end{array}$	$\frac{150}{250} = 0$
	12 to 14 ft · 23 to 3 in	00	37 50	200 0
	14 to 16 ft : 3 to 3½ in	ŏŏ	45 00	
	14 to 16 ft.: 3\(\frac{1}{2}\) to 4 in \$7.50 to 35	00	20 00	
	Specimen low-branched trees of			
	month compor wind good topo:			
	on application.			
	spicatum. Mountain Maple. 2 to 3 ft	50	4 00	30 0
	3 to 4 ft.	(5) (6)	6 00	40 00
	4 to 5 it.	50 50	$\begin{array}{c} 8 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$	60 00
	5 to 6 ft	90	12 00	
	2 ft	50	3 50	25 00
	2 ft	75	6 50	35 00
	4 to 5 ft. Bushy FINE (1	00	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 50 \\ 9 & 00 \end{array}$	50 00
	6 to 8 ft. Bushy	25	10 00	60 00
	Most brilliant of the fall-coloring			
	trees. Superb for mass planting.			
	JAPANESE MAPLES			
ACER	polymorphum. 3 to 4 ft	50	13 50	
	polymorphum, var. atropurpureum. Blood-	* 11		
	leaved Japan Maple. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft $+$ 1	50	13 50	
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	00		
	2½ to 3 ft	50.		
	3 to 5 ft. Specimens	U.O		
	These are beautiful, bushy, 10 m.			
	branched trees.			

ACER polymorphum, var. atropurpureum dissectum. Each	10	100
Weeping Cut-leaf Blood-leaved—	\$13 50	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	919 90	
polymorphum, var. aureum. Golden Japan Maple. 1 ft	10 50	
maple. 1½ ft	13 50	
ing Japan Maple. 1½ ft		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
polymorphum, var. scopendifolium rubrum.		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$3.50 to 5 00		
ÆSCULUS Hippocastanum. European Horse-chestnut—	10 50	
7 to 8 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 17 & 50 \end{array}$	
10 to 12 ft · 21 in 4 2 50	22 50	
10 to 12 ft.: 3 in	32 50	
10 to 12 ft.; 2½ in		
Hippocastanum, var. alba flore pleno.		
Double White-Flowered Horse-		
Chestnut. 8 to 9 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ in 2 00	22 50	
10 to 11 ft · 21 in • 3 50	$\frac{22}{32} \frac{50}{50}$	
11 to 12 ft.: 3 in	92 90	
Chestnut. 8 to 9 ft.; 1½ in 2 00 9 to 10 ft.; 2 in 2 50 10 to 11 ft.; 2½ in 4. 3 50 11 to 12 ft.; 3 in 4. \$4 to 5 00 Specimens; 3 to 5 in \$7.50 to 15 00		
Hippocastanum, var. Bujotii—		
10 to 12 ft.; 2½ to 3 in 2 50 10 to 12 ft.; 3 to 3½ in	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$	
Hippocastanum, var. rubicunda. Red-	54 50	
flowered Horse-Chestnut-		
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ in	16 00	
$\frac{10}{10}$ ft.; $\frac{12}{12}$ to $\frac{2}{10}$ in	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
12 ft.: 3 to 4 in	52 50	
8 to 10 ft.; 1½ in		
Allanthus glandulosa. Ailanthus, or Tree of		
Heaven. 10 to 12 ft 1 25	10 00	\$85 00
14 to 18 ft. Heavy\$2.50 to 3 50 ALNUS glutinosa. European, or Black Alder—		
7 to 8 ft 1 00	5 00	35 00
10 to 12 ft. 1 50 incana. 6 to 8 ft. 1 00	9 00	
incana. 6 to 8 ft	5 00	35 00
AMELANCHIER Botryapium. Dwarf Juneberry. See		
Shrubs.		
ANDROMEDA. See Oxydendron. ARALIA. Chinese Angelica Tree-		
oloto dellis appentes manifesta	,	
6 to 8 ft	9 00	
8 to 10 ft	13 50	
Japonica. 4 to 5 ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
8 to 10 ft	12 50	
8 to 10 ft. 1 50 S to 10 ft. 1 50 B to 10 ft. 1 50 S to 10 ft. 1 50 B to 10 ft. 1 50 S to 10 ft. 1 50 S to 10 ft. 1 50 S to 10 ft. 1 50		
See Shrubs. spinosa. 5 to 6 ft	6 00	
9 to 10 ft	10 00	
		5

Each PETH A cibe Frances White Wassing Direct	. 10	100
BETULA alba. European White Weeping Birch— 8 to 10 ft	\$10 00	
10 to 12 ft.: $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in	17 50	
12 to 14 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	22 50	
16 to 18 ft.; 3 to 4 in\$5 to 7 50		
alba, var. fastigiata. Pyramidal White		
Birch. 10 to 12 ft		
alba, var. laciniata pendula. Weeping Cut-		
leaved White Birch. 8 to 10 ft. 1 50		
lenta. Sweet Birch. 6 to 7 ft 1 00	S 50	
lutea. Yellow Birch. 6 to 8 ft 1 00	8 50	
14 to 16 ft.; specimens	22 50	
papyrifera. Paper, or Canoe Birch—	6.00	
5 to 6 ft	10 00	
nigra; syn., rubra. Red Birch. 7 to 8 ft 1 00	8 50	\$60 00
8 to 10 ft	10 00	75 00
10 to 12 ft 1 50	13 50	115 00
BROUSSONETIA papyrifera. Paper Mulberry—		
5 to 6 ft	5 00	40 00
CARPINUS Americana; syn., Caroliniana. American	¥ 00	20.00
Hornbeam. 3 to 4 ft 60 4 to 5 ft. Bushy 1 00	5 00 7 50	30 00 50 00
5 to 6 ft. Bushy	10 00	75 00
6 to 7 ft. Bushy	13 50	85 00
7 to 9 ft. Bushy	20 00	150 00
9 to 10 ft. Bushy 3 50	27 50	00 80
Betulus. European Hornbeam. 2 to 3 ft. 35	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	22 50 30 00
3 to 4 ft. Bushy	6 00	40 00
5 to 6 ft. Bushy	13 50	75 00
6 to 7 ft. Bushy	18 50	100 00
8 to 10 ft. Bushy 3 50	30 00	
Carya alba (Hickory). 8 to 10 ft 1 50	12 50	
CASTANEA Americana. American Chestnut— 5 to 6 ft	5 00	40 00
7 to 8 ft	7 50	50 00
8 to 9 ft	9 00	60 00
9 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	10 00	75 00
10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	12 50	100 00
12 to 14 ft.; 3 in	17 50 7 50	150 00
Japonica. Japan Chestnut. 4 to 5 ft 1 00 vesca. Spanish Chestnut. 4 to 5 ft 1 00	7 50	
CATALPA bignonioides. 8 to 10 ft 1 00	6 00	
bignonioides, var. aurea. Golden Catalpa—		
4 to 5 ft	7 50	
Bungei, Bunge's Catalpa, Standards, 7 ft. 3 50	19 50	
Kæmpferi. Japanese Catalpa. 6 to 8 ft. 1 50 speciosa. Western Catalpa. 6 to 8 ft 1 90	12· 50 7· 50	
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	13 50	
CEDRELA Sinensis. Chinese Cedrela-		
8 to 10 ft		

TRICE-EIST TOR TALL OF 1000		~
Each	10	100
CELTIS occidentalis. Nettle Tree. 6 to 7 ft\$1 00	\$9.00	
7 to 8 ft	10 00	\$75 00
8 to 10 ft, 1 50	12 50	90 00
CEDACUS Dadus European Dind Charry 4 to 5 ft 75	6 00	
CENASUS Fauls, European Bird Cherry, 4 to 3 it. 13	7 50	60 00
CERASUS Padus. European Bird Cherry, 4 to 5 ft. 75 serotina. Wild Black Cherry, 10 to 12 ft., 1 00	1 30	00 00
Avium, var. alba plena. Double White-	19 50	
Avium none plans Double Bink	13 50	
flowering Cherry. 5 to 6 ft 1 50 Avium, var. rosea plena. Double Pink- flowering Cherry. 4 to 6 ft 1 50 Avium, var. rosea pendula. Bink Weeping		
Avium reason pendula Dink Washing		
Avium, var. rusea pendura. Fink weeping		
Japan Cherry. 6 ft	10 70	
Sieboldi, var. rubra plena. 4 to 5 ft 1 50	12 - 50	
CERCIS Canadensis. Red Bud, American Judas—		
3 to 4 ft 50	4 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft	6 00	45 00
5 to 6 ft 1 00	7 50	50 00
6 to 8 ft	10 00	60 00
8 to 10 ft	12 50	85 00
Japonica. See Shrubs.		
CERCIDIPHYLLUM Japonicum. 6 to 8 ft 2 00	17 50	
8 to 9 ft	22 50	
9 to 10 ft		
CLADRASTIS tinctoria (Virgilia lutea). Yellow		
Wood. 8 to 10 ft 1 00	9 00	75 00
10 to 12 ft	13 50	100 00
	10 00	200 00
	1.00	25 00
	$\frac{4}{7} \frac{00}{50}$	20 00
3½ to 4 ft.; very fine 1 00	10 00	60 00
4 to 5 ft.; very fine	$\frac{10}{12} \frac{00}{50}$	70 00
6 to 7 ft . yery fine 1 50	15 00	80 00
7 to 8 ft : very fine 2 50	$\frac{13}{22} \frac{50}{50}$	100 00
6 to 7 ft.; very fine	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 27 & 50 \end{array}$	100 00
Vary low-branched heavy stock	-1 50	
florida var flore ruhro Rod-flowared		
Dogwood 3 to 34 ft Rushy 4 1.75	15 00	
31 to 4 ft Rushy 2 10, Bushy, 4 1 19	18 50	
4 to 5 ft Rushy 2 50	22 50	
6 to 8 ft Bushy 4 5 00	00	
8 to 10 ft.; very fine		
5 to 6 ft. Rare		
6 to 7 ft Rare \$ 5.00		
6 to 7 ft. Rare		
One of the most beautiful of		
weeping trees, combining spring		
flowers, summer berries and bril-		
liant autumn foliage.		
	5 00	
CRATÆGUS Carrieri. 2½ to 3 ft	5 00	
3 to 4 ft	7 50	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10 00 6 00	
4 to 5 ft,	7 50	
5 to 6 ft	10 00	
5 to 6 ft	10 00	
21 to 4 ft	6 00	
3½ to 4 ft	8 50	
6 to 8 ft.; very heavy 2 50	0.00	
. O to o it, very neary 2 of		

Ea	ach	10	100
CRATÆGUS Crus-galli. Cockspur Thorn—	75	\$6 00	\$35 00
5 to 6 ft	00	7 50	50 00
6 to 8 ft	25 50	$\frac{10}{13} \frac{00}{50}$	75 00 85 00
6 to 8 ft	őő	7 50	00 00
3 to 4 ft.	50	3 50	25 00
4 to 5 ft	75	5 00	35 00
5 to 6 ft	00	6 00	45 00
Oxyacantha, var. alba flore pleno. Double White Hawthorn, 4 to 6 ft. 1	00	9 00	
Oxyacantha, var. coccinea flore pleno. Paul's Double Scarlet—			
4 to 6 ft 1	00	9 00	
4 to 6 ft	00	25 00	
Double Pink Hawthorn-			
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{00}{75}$	9 00 5 00	35 00
	50	4 00	99 00
4 to 5 ft	75	6 00	
DIOSPYROS Virginica. Persimmon. 6 to 8 ft 1 8 to 10 ft	00 50	8 50	
EACHS formusines American Deach 2 to 4 ft 1	50	13 50	
4 to 5 ft	00 00	17 50	
4 to 5 ft	75	6 00	50 00
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{00}{75}$	7 50 15 00	60 00
6 to 7 ft	อบ	32 50	
7 to 8 ft. \$3.50 to 5 8 to 10 ft. Specimens \$5 to 15	00 00		
sylvatica, var asplenitolia. E'ern-like Beech-			
3 to 4 ft	50		
6 to 8 ft 3	50	32 50	
sylvatica, var. pendula. Weeping Beech— 6 to 8 ft	50		
mens	00		
All recently transplanted. sylvatica, yar. purpurea. Purple Beech—	. '		
4 to 5 ft	50	12 50	
5 to 6 ft	50 69		
7 to 8 ft 3	50	32 50	
9 to 10 ft	บบ 50	$\frac{45}{70} \frac{00}{00}$	
11 to 12 ft	00		
sylvatica, var. purpurea major. Large Leaf—	UÜ		
3 to 4 ft	50	12 50	
4 to 5 ft	10. 50	$\begin{array}{cccc} 15 & 00 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	
sylvatica, var, Riversi. Rivers' Blood-leaved Beech. 5 to 6 ft. 2 6 to 8 ft. \$3.50 to 5 10 to 14 ft. Specimens \$12.50 to 35	50		
6 to 8 ft\$3.50 to 5	00		
10 to 14 ft. Specimens\$12.50 to 35	00		



An avenue of Sweet Gums (Liquidambar), at Andorra

FRAXINUS Americana. White Ash. 6 to 8 ft\$1 00 8 to 10 ft 1 25 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 1 50 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in 2 50 14 to 16 ft.; $2\frac{1}{4}$ to 3 in 3 00	10 \$7 50 10 00 12 50 22 50	100 \$50 00 75 00 90 00
excelsior. European Ash 10 to 12 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	
8 to 10 ft	7 50 10 00	60 00 85 00
GLEDITSCHIA aquatica. Water Locust. 6 to 8 ft 50 8 to 10 ft	4 50 7 50 4 00	$\begin{array}{ccc} 40 & 00 \\ 60 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
GYMNOCLADUS Canadensis. Kentucky Coffee Tree—6 to 7 ft 1 00	7 50	
JUGLANS nigra. Black Walnut. 6 to 8 ft 1 00 8 to 10 ft	7 50 10 00	60 00 75 00
5 to 6 ft. 1 50 8 to 10 ft. 2 50 LARIX Europæa. European Larch. 4 to 5 ft. 1 00 6 to 8 ft. 1 25	12 50 22 50 6 00 10 00	
8 to 10 ft	13 50 7 50 13 50	85.00

	The state of the s		
LIGHIDAMDA	AR, Sweet Gum. 6 to 7 ft. Fine\$1 50	\$12 50	100
LIQUIDAMBA	7 to 8 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. Fine	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$85 00
1 2 2	8 to 9 ft.; 3 to 3\frac{1}{4} in. Fine. \display 3 50	$\frac{1}{32} \frac{1}{50}$	'
LIRIODENDR	ON Tulipifera. Tulip Tree. 6 to 7 ft 1 00	8 50	
	8 to 9 ft.; very heavy 1 50	10 00	
	10 to 12 ft very heavy 1 75	$\begin{array}{ccc} 16 & 50 \\ 17 & 50 \end{array}$	
	12 to 14 ft.; very heavy 2 50	$\frac{1}{22} \frac{1}{50}$	
200			
	tiful pyramidal form of the well-known Tulip tree.		
	· 6 to 8 ft	18 50	
	8 to 10 ft		
	10 to 12 ft		
MAGNOLIA.	Native Sorts—acuminata. Cucumber Tree. 6 to 8 ft. 1 00	9 00	
	glauca. Sweet or Swamp Magnolia—	0 00	
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	13 50	
	grandinora. Evergreen Magnolia— 2½ to 3 ft 2 50		
	macrophylla. Great-leaved Magnolia—	å	
•	macrophylla. Great-leaved Magnolia— 3 to 4 ft 2 50	22 50	
	tripetala. Umbrella Tree. 5 to 6 ft 75 6 to 8 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 8 & 50 \end{array}$	
	8 to 10 ft	9 00	
	10 to 12 ft	12 50	
	12 to 14 ft 2 00	18 50	
MAGNOLIA.	Chinese Sorts— Alexandriana. 3 to 4 ft		
	6 to 7 ft		
	conspicua. Pure white		
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
	Kobus. $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$ 1 50	13 50	
	Kobus. 2 to 2½ ft. 1 50 3 to 3½ ft. 3 50	30 00	
	Lennei Hybrid. Lenne's Magnolia—		
	3 to 4 ft		
	Specimens. 12 to 15 ft. Prices		
	on application.		
	3 to 3½ ft		•
	Norbertiana Hybrid. Norbert's Magnolia— 3 to 3½ ft	00 50	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$,
	Soulangeana Hybrid. Soulange's Magnolia-	00 00	
	3 to 4 ft		
	4 to 5 ft		
	5 to 6 ft \$5 to 7 50 Larger specimens. Prices on appli-		
	cation.		
	speciosa. $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft		
	Magnolia. 2 ft	22 50	
	Magnolia. 2 ft	32 50	
	2½ ft		
	7 to 8 ft		



An avenue of "Andorra-grown" Oriental Planes. (See page 30)

MORUS alba, White Mulberry. 8 to 10 ft alba, var. Tatarica alba. White-fruited Russia Mulberry. 6 ft. alba, var. Tatarica rubra. Red Russian Mulberr 6 ft. alba, var. Tatarica pendula. Teas' Weeping Muberry. 2-yr. heads.	.\$1 n y. I-	75 75	\$6 00
	4	-0	10 -0
NYASSA sylvatica. Sour Gum. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft			13 50
OSTRYA Virginica (Ironwood). 2 to 3 ft		35	3 00
OXYDENDRUM arboreum; syn., Andromeda arborea. Sorr Tree. 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 5 ft. 5 to 6 ft. 6 to 7 ft. 7 to 8 ft. PARROTIA Persica. Persian Iron Tree. 5 to 6 ft. 10 to 12 ft. PAULOWNIA imperalis. 10 to 12 ft. PERSICA vulgaris, var. alba plena. Double White-flowerin	. 1 . 2 . 3 . 3 . 3 . 3	50 00 50 50	9 00 13 50 18 50 22 50 27 50
Peach, 5 to 6 ft	. 1	00	9 00
vulgaris, var. sanguinea plena. Double Red-flowerin Peach. 4 to 5 ft	. 1	00	9 00
PHELLODENDRON Amurense. Chinese Cork Tree— 8 to 10 ft. 10 to 12 ft.	. 1	50 00	$\begin{array}{c} 12 & 50 \\ 18 & 50 \end{array}$

PLATANUS occidentalis. American Buttonwood—	10	100
S to 10 ft	\$8 50	\$75 00
10 to 12 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in 1 50 12 to 14 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 2 00	12 50 18 50	
14 to 16 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in 3 50	32 50	
orientalis. Oriental Plane, or European Buttonwood. 6 to 8 ft 1 00	7 50	50 00
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{7}$ in 1 25	11 50	85 00
10 to 12 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in 1 50 12 to 14 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in 1 75	12 50	100 00
12 to 14 ft.; $1\frac{2}{3}$ to 2 in 3 1 75 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{3}$ to 3 in 3 4 . 3 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 16 & 00 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$	150 00
12 to 14 ft.; 2½ to 3 in + 3 50 14 ft.; 3 to 4 in. Specimens.\$5 to 10 00		
POPULUS alba, var. Bolleana. Bolle's Poplar— 8 to 10 ft	13 50	
12 to 14 ft	20 00	
16 to 18 ft.; 3 to 3\(\frac{1}{2}\) in 3 50		•
monilifera; syn., Carolinensis. Carolina Poplar. 10 to 12 ft.; 1½ to 2 in. 1 00	9 00 -	
nigra, var. fastigiata. Lombardy Poplar— 8 to 10 ft	10 00	
10 to 12 ft.: 1½ to 2 in	13 50	125 00
12 to 14 ft \cdot 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in \cdot 2 00	18 50 27 50	150 00
14 to 16 ft.; 2½ to 3 in	21 30	
PRUNUS. See Cerasus.		
PTELEA trifoliata. Hop Tree. 4 to 6 ft	3 00 4 50	$\begin{array}{cccc} 20 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
7 to 9 ft	5 00	40 00
trifoliata, var. aurea. Golden Hop Tree 4 to 5 ft. 35	3 00	20 00
5 to 6 ft 50	4 50	$\frac{5}{25} \frac{9}{00}$
PTEROSTYRAX hispidum (Halesia hispida). 6 to 8 ft 1 00	8 00	
8 to 10 ft	12 50	
PYRUS. See, also, Shrubs.	0 =0	
atrosanguinea. 3 to 4 ft 1 00 baccata. Siberian Flowering Crab Apple—	8 50	
4 to 5 ft	6 00	
coronaria. Sweet-scented Crab. 4 to 5 ft. 75	8 5 0 6 00	
floribunda. Flowering Crab. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. 1 00		
lænsis, var. Bechtel. Bechtel's Double- flowering Crab. 3 to 4 ft 1 50	12 50	
Parkmani; syn., Halliana. Parkman's Crab-		
3 to 4 ft	6 00	
3 to 4 ft	7 50	
spectabilis, var. alba flore pleno. Double Rose-flowering Crab. 3 to 4 ft 1 00		
QUERCUS alba. White oak 4 to 5 ft	8 50	75 00
5 to 6 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
7 to 8 ft. 1 73 8 to 10 ft. 2 50	16 00	135 00
8 to 10 ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	200 00

Q

Each 10	100
7 to 8 ft 1 50 12 50 1	85 00 .00 00
8 to 9 ft	.35 00
coccinea. Scarlet Oak. 6 to 7 ft	85 00 .00 00
8 to 9 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in	.50 00 .75 00
imbricaria. Laurel Oak. 7 to 8 ft 3 50 22 50 8 to 10 ft	
10 to 12 ft.; 2 to 2½ in	
8 to 9 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in	
palustris. Pin Oak—	60 00
7 to 8 ft Low-branched 1 25 10 00	60 00 70 00
8 to 9 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{2}$ in, Low-branched 1 50 13 50 1 9 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in, Low-branched 2 00 17 50 1	25 00 35 00
	.50 00 275 00
Extra heavy specimens. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in.	
cal., well-rooted and good tops, \$7.50 to 15 00	
pedunculata, var. Concordia. Golden Oak— 8 to 10 ft	
Prinus. Rock Chestnut Oak. 7 to 8 ft 1 25 10 00	05 00
10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in, 2 00 18 50 1	$\begin{array}{ccc} .25 & 00 \\ .50 & 00 \\ \end{array}$
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in 2 50 22 50 1 Excellent for street planting.	75 00
Robur. English Oak. 6 to 8 ft 1 00 8 50	00.00
10 to 12 ft.: 2 to 2½ in 2 00 17 50 1	$\begin{array}{ccc} .00 & 00 \\ .25 & 00 \end{array}$
12 to 14 ft ft.; 2½ to 3 in	200 00
Specimens. 3½ to 4½ in. cal.\$3.50 to 10 00 Robur, var. fastigiata. Pyramidal English Oak. 6 to 7 ft	
7 to 8 ft	
rubra. Red Oak. 5 to 6 ft	65 00 85 00
$7 \text{ to } 8 \text{ ft.} \dots 1 50 13 50 1 8 \text{ to } 10 \text{ ft.}; 2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{4} \text{ in.} \dots 2 00 17 50 1 $	10 00 50 00
6 to 7 ft	50 00
velutina, var. tinctoria. Black Oak—	
6 to 8 ft	85 00 25 00
	50 00
RHUS glabra. Smooth Sumac. 4 to 5 ft	35 00
7 to 8 ft	50 00 75 00
qlabra, var. laciniata. Cut-leaved Sumac—	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

Each	10	100
RHUS Osbecki. 3 to 4 ft. \$0 50 5 to 6 ft. 75 typhina. Staghorn Sumac. 3 to 4 ft. 35 5 to 6 ft. 50 6 to 8 ft. 75 8 to 10 ft. 1 00	\$4 00 6 00 3 00 4 00 6 00 8 50	\$15 00 30 00 50 00
ROBINIA pseudacacia. 8 to 10 ft	7 50	
pseudacacia, var. foliis aureis. Golden- leaved Locust. 6 to 8 ft 1 00 8 to 10 ft 1 50	7 50	
	8 50 10 00 13 50 17 50 22 50	75 00 85 00 125 00 150 00 200 00
SALIX alba. White Willow. 6 to 7 ft	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 5 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array} $	35 00
Babylonica, var. dolorosa. Wisconsin Weeping Willow. 7 to 8 ft	7 50 4 00 3 00 7 50 10 00	35 00 20 00
8 to 10 ft	10 00 12 50 12 50 3 00 10 00	20 00
SOPHORA Japonica. Japanese Sophora— 3 to 3½ ft	8 50	
SORBUS Americana. American Mountain Ash— 7 to 8 ft	12 50 12 50 12 50	
aucuparia, var. quercifolia. Oak-leaved Mountain Ash. 8 to 10 ft 1 50	12 50	
TAXODIUM distichum. Deciduous Cypress— 3 to 4 ft	8 50	
TILIA Americana. American Linden, or Basswood— 8 to 10 ft	12 50 17 50 22 50	

	Each	10
Tilla argentea; syn., tomentosa. Silver-leaved Linden— 6 to 8 ft	3 50	12 50 18 50 32 50
vulgaris; syn., Europæa. Europæa. European Linden— 8 to 10 ft.; 1½ to 2 in. 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to 2½ in. 12 to 14 ft.; 3 to 4 in. \$3. vulgaris, var. pyramidalis laciniata. Pyramidal leaf. 10 to 12 ft. 10 to 12 ft.	1 50 2 50 50 to 7 50 Cut-	12 50 22 50
leaf. 10 to 12 ft	. + 2 00	15 00
ULMUS Americana. American Elm— 8 to 10 ft. 10 to 12 ft. 12 to 14 ft.; 2 to 2½ in. 12 to 14 ft.; 3 to 4½ in. 14 to 15 ft.; 3 to 4½ in. 15 to 14 ft.; 2½ to 2¾ in. 16 to 12 ft.; 2½ to 2¾ in. 17 to 18 ft.; 2½ to 2¾ in. 18 to 19 ft.; 2¾ to 3 in. 19 to 14 ft.; 2¾ to 3 in. 10 to 12 ft.; 2¾ to 3 in. 11 to 14 ft.; 2¾ to 3½ in. 12 to 14 ft.; 2¾ to 2¾ in.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7 50 13 50 17 50 22 50 13 50 22 50 32 50
Specimens	\$5, to 7, 50	
English Elm. 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{3}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in. 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{3}{4}$ in. 40 3 in. 16 to 18 ft.; 3 to 4 in. campestris, var. Wheatley's (Cornish) Elm—	1 50 2 50 3 50 \$5 to 7 50	13 50 22 50 32 50
12 to 14 ft.	$\frac{2}{3} \frac{50}{50}$	22 50 32 50
8 to 10 It.; 13 to 2 th	T 50 .	13 50
10 to 12 ft.; 2 to 2½ in. 12 to 14 ft.; 2½ to 2½ in. 14 to 16 ft.; 3 to 3½ in. \$22\text{PR} \text{ converted with Fig. 3.5}	2 50 50 to 7 50	16 00 22 50
6 ft.	1 50	
scabra, var. purpurea. Purple Wych Elm— 8 to 10 ft. 10 to 12 ft. 12 to 14 ft.; 3 to 3½ in.		13 50 17 50 22 50
DECIDUOUS SHRUB		
Each Company of the C	10 · d	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
ACANTHOPANAX spinosa (Aralia pentaphylla)— 3 to 4 ft. 4 to 6 ft. Heavy. ÆSCULUS parviflora; syn., Pavia macrostachya—	3 00 2	20 00 30 00
2 ft 1 50	0 00	75 00 00 00
ALTHEA. See Hibiscus.	3 00 3	25 00 80 00 40 00



Partial view of Nursery grounds from top of Main Nursery

Each

10

100

AMORPHA canescens. 2 ft. \$0 35 \$2 50 fragrams. 3 to 4 ft. 35 3 00 fruticosa. 2 to 3 ft. 25 2 00 3 to 4 ft. 35 3 00 4 to 5 ft. 50 4 00 AMYGDALUS (Almond). See Prunus.	\$15 00 25 00 15 00 20 00 25 00
NATIVE AZALEAS.—Angorra Grown	
Clean, bushy, transplanted stock AZALEA arborescens. Fragrant White Azalea— Each 10 12 to 15 in. Bushy \$1 00 \$9 00 15 to 18 in. Bushy \$2 00 \$18 50 12 to 2 ft. Bushy \$2 00 \$18 50	\$125 00 150 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	125 00 135 00 175 00 75 00
nudiflora. 12 to 15 in. 1 00 9 00 15 to 18 in. 1 50 13 50 1½ to 2 ft. Bushy 1 75 15 00 2 to 2½ ft. Bushy 2 50 22 50 Vaseyl. Southern Azalea 12 to 15 in. 1 00 9 00 15 to 18 in. 1 50 13 50	135 00
15 to 18 in	175 00 250 00

MOLLIS and GHENT AZALEAS

Each	10	100
AZALEA mollis. 1½ ft	\$10 00	\$90 00
2 ft. Bushy	13 50 17 50	125 00
All very heavy stock, lifting with	11 90	
good balls.		
Pontica (Ghent), 1 ft. Named sorts 1 25	10 00	90 00
2 ft. Bushy. Named sorts 1 50	12 50	120 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Bushy 2 50	22 50	
3 to 3½ ft. Bushy\$2.50 to 3 50		
Heavy stock, lifting with good balls.		
BACCHARIS halimifolia. Groundsel Shrub—		
3 to 4 ft.; heavy	4 00	25 00
5 to 6 ft.; heavy	6 00	30 00
Desirable for late bloom.	0 00	00 00
BENZOIN odoriferum. Spice Bush, 2½ to 3 ft 35	3 00	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4 00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	6 00	
BERBERIS (Barberry) Asiatica. 3 to 3½ ft	6 00	50 00
ilicifolia. Holly-leaved. 15 to 18 in 35	3 00	27 50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	4 00	35 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	6 00	40 00
Japonica (not Mahonia). 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 50	4 50 5 00	25 00
3 to 4 ft	3 00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.; very heavy 50	4 00	
3 to 3½ ft	6 00	
Thunbergii. 12 to 15 in	1 75	12 00
15 to 18 in	2 50	15 00
1½ ft.; broad and very heavy 50	3 50	20 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.; broad and very heavy. 60 $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; broad and very heavy. 75	4 50 6 00	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; broad and very heavy 1 00	7 50	. 45 00
vulgaris. Common Barberry—	. 50	
1½ to 2 ft	3 00	20 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3 50	25 00
vulgaris, var. purpurea. $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 35$	3 00	17 50
$\frac{2_{2}}{2}$ to 3 ft	3 50	25 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 00 6 00	35 00 50 00
CALLICARPA purpurea. Beauty Fruit. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 35	3 00	25 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft		25 00 35 00
3 to 4 ft		45 00
CALYCANTHUS floridus. Allspice, or Sweet Shrub-		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 50	4 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft 75	6 00	35 00
CARAGANA arborescens. Siberian Pea-		
$\frac{1_{\frac{1}{2}}}{2}$ to 2 ft		17 50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		25 00
CARYOPTERIS Mastacanthus. Blue Spirea—	± 00	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	2 50	15 00

TO THE RESERVE TO THE	ach	10	100
CEANOTHUS Americanus. Jersey Tea. 12 to 2 ft \$0		\$2 00	\$15 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	35	3 00	20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\tilde{3}$ ft	50	4 00	25 00
Americanus, var. Fendleri—	~~	F 00	
1½ to 2 ft,	75	5 00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	35.	3 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft	50	4 00	30 00
CERCIS. See, also, Deciduous Trees. Japonica. Japan Judas			
Japonica. Japan Judas	`	1,1	
0 to 02 tt	75	6 00	
Exceptionally fine stock. CHIONANTHUS Virginica. White Fringe, 2 to 2½ ft.	35	3 00	
2½ to 3 ft. Bushy	50 .	4 50	40 00.
3 to 4 ft. Bushy	75	7 00	50 00
2½ to 3 ft. Bushy	00	8 50	75 00
0 to 0 It	50	13 50	100 00
CLETHRA alnifolia. Sweet Pepperbush— 2 to 2½ ft	35	2 50	17 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Broad and bushy	50 50	3 00	$\frac{11}{25} \frac{30}{00}$
3 to 3½ ft. Broad and bushy	60	4 00	
4 to 4\frac{1}{2} ft. Bushy		6 00	
	35	2 50	20 00
3 to 3½ ft. 4 to 5 ft.	50	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{25}{30} \frac{00}{00}$
COMPTONIA asplenifolia Sweet Form 11 to 2 ft	35	3 00	25 00
2 to 21 ft	50	. 4 00	_5 00
CORCHORUS Japonicus, Single Globe Flower-			
9 to 91 ft	50	3.50	25 00
Japonicus, var. variegata. (Variegated Lea	gres).		
Japonicus, var. variegata. (Variegated Les 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	90	3 50	
2)ha Sibonian Had twiccod Dogwood			
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	25 %		15 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.; very heavy	35	3 00	20 00
2 to 2½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft.; very heavy 3 to 3½ ft.; very heavy 3½ to 4 ft.; very heavy	50	4 00	25 00
5 to 6 ft.	75 ·	6 00 7 50	30 00 50 00
alba: svn., sibirica, var. aurea variegata-	00		50 00
alba, syn., sibirica, var. aurea variegata—	50	. 4, 00	
2 to $2\frac{1}{7}$ ft.	75	5 00	
alba, var. elegantissima. Golden-leaved—	35	3 00	25 00
3 to 4 ft.	75 75	6 00	2.5 00
alternifolia	• •	0 00	
3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft	75	2.00	40 00
5 to 6 ft	35	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 00 \\ 2 & 50 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Mas. Cornelian Cherry. 1½ to 2 ft.	50	3 50	20 00
28 IO 5 II	101	6 00	30 00
$\frac{4\frac{1}{2}}{2}$ to 5 ft.; very heavy $\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 ft. $\frac{1}{2}$	75	6 00	
5 to 6 ft	50	7 50	
paniculata.			
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	35	3 00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	4 00	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ff	75	6 00	

	ach	10	100
2 to 2½ ft. Fine	25	\$2 00	\$15 00
3½ to 4 ft. Fine	35 50	3 00	$\begin{array}{ccc} .25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
3½ to 4 ft. Fine	75	5 00	35 00
sanguinea, var. elegantissima variegata—	•	0 00	00 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50		
3 to 4 ft	75 35	3 00	20.00
sericea. Silky Dogwood. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50 50	4 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft	75	6 00	35 00
6 to 7 ft	00	7 50	50 00
stolonifera. Native Red Osier— 2½ to 3 ft.	.35	3 00	20 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	50	4 00	25 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	60	5 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{75}{00}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
stolonifera, var. aurea. Golden-barked-		. 00	00 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft $\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	35	3 00	90.00
$3 to 3\frac{1}{2} tt$. $3\frac{1}{2} to 4 ft$.	$\frac{50}{75}$	4 00 5 00	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
CODYL NO Americana America TI		0 00	05 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	3 50	
CORYLUS Avellana, var. laciniata. Cut-leaved-Hazel—		= ~0	
6 to 8 ft	00	7 50	
maxima, var. purpurea. Purple Hazel— 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	20 00
4 to 5 ft	50	4 50	40 00
COTONEASTER frigida, var. bacillaris— 2 to 2½ ft.	. 35	3 00	20 00 -
$\begin{array}{c} 2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \\ 4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \end{array}$	50	4 00	25 00
CRATÆGUS. see Trees.			
CYDONIA Japonica. Japan Quince. 1½ ft	35	3 00	
CYTISUS scoparius. Scotch Broom. 4 to 5 ft	50 .	4 50	30 00
DESMODIUM penduliflorum. See Lespedeza Sieboldi. DEUTZIA candidissima (Double White). 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	35	3 00	20 00
$\frac{3_{\frac{1}{2}}}{2}$ to 4 ft.	50	4 00	$\frac{25}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
5 to 6 ft.	.75	5 00	.35 00
crenata, $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ftcrenata, var. Pride of Rochester—	50	3 50	30 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	50-	3 50	25 00
4 to 5 it.	75	5 00	35 00
crenata, var. Waterer. 3 ft	35 50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{c} 3_{\frac{3}{2}} \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.} \\ 4 \text{ to } 5 \text{ ft.} \end{array}$	60	4 00	30 00
5 to 6 ft	. 75	6 00	35 00
crenata, var. Wellsi. 5 to 6 ft	.75	$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	
gracilis. Dwarf Deutzia. 12 to 15 in	35	3 00	15 00
15 to 18 in.; very heavy	50	4 00	25 00
18 to 24 in	75 00	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
gracilis, var. carminea. 15 to 18 in	50	4 00	$\frac{10}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
18 to 24 in	75	6 00	30 00
24 to 30 in	00	7 50	40 00

, mark	10	100
DEUTZIA gracilis, var. rosea. 1½ to 2 ft\$0 50	\$4 00	\$25 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	6 00	30 00
2½ to 3 ft	7 50	35 00
Lemoinei. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; very heavy 35	3 00	20 00
4 to 5 ft.; heavy	6 00	40 00
Lemoiner, var. compacta. $1 \pm rt$. 25 . $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 3 ft. 3	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} & 12 & 50 \\ & 25 & 00 \end{array}$
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	$\frac{1}{5} \frac{00}{00}$	35 00
4 to 5 ft	7 50	50 00
parviflora. 2 to 2 ft. 50 scabra. 3 to 3½ ft. 35	4 00	
scabra. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 1.4	3 00	15 00
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
	5 00	40 00
DIERVILLA (Weigela) florida, var. amabilis. 5 to 6 ft. 75 florida; syn., rosea. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 35 3 to 4 ft. 50	$\frac{5}{2} \frac{50}{50}$	15 00
3 to 4 ft. 50	4 00	20 00
4 to 5 ft	5 00	30 00
florida, var. candida. $3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 35$	3 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft	4 00	30 00
5 to 6 ft	5 00	40 00
florida nana, var. aurea variegata— 3 to 3½ ft	4 00	30 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	6 00	00 170
floribunda Lavallei.		
3 to 3½ ft	3 00	$\frac{25}{90}$
3½ t0 4 ft	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	30 00 40 00
Janonica (syn hortensis), var flori-	0 00	40 00
Japonica (syn., hortensis), var. floribunda. 3 to 3½ ft	2 00	15 00
3½ to 4 ft	4 00	25 00
5 to 6 ft. 75	5 00	30 00
Japonica, var. Eva Rathke. $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} + 35$	3 00 3 50	$\begin{array}{cccc} 20 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
1 to 5 ft	6 00	40 00
Japonica, var. nivea. White. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 50 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. 75 Japonica, var. rubra. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 75 5 to 6 ft. 1 00 Create or experience $3\frac{1}{4}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $3\frac{1}{4}$ ft. $3\frac{1}{4}$	4 00	20 ,,
3½ to 4 ft	5 00	00.00
Japonica, var. rubra. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	6 00	30 00 40 00
Grongwageni 21 to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & 50 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	30 00
Grænewegeni. 3½ to 4 ft	6 00	40 00
Grænewegeni, var. Mad. Contourier. (Hy-		
Grænewegeni, var. Mad. Contourier. (Hybrid). 3 to 3½ for 35	3 00	25 00
32 to 4 it.	$\frac{4}{5} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{25}{30} \frac{00}{00}$
5 to 6 ft. 75 Grænewegeni, var. Steltzneri. 3 to 3½ ft. 50	4 00	$\frac{30}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
3\frac{1}{2} to 4 ft. 12\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac\	5 00	30 00
$\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{5}$ to 4 ft	7 50	50 00
Greenewegeni var Van Houttei-	0.00	0- 00
3 to 3½ ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
5 to 6 ft	6 00	40 00
Verschaffelti. 3 to 3\frac{1}{2} ft	3 00	25 00
Verschaffelti. 3 to 3½ ft	4 00	35 00
5 to 7 ft	7 50	
sessilitolia. 2 to 3 ft. 25 3 to 3½ ft. 50	$\frac{2}{3} \frac{00}{50}$	25 00
5 to 52 ft	5 00	35 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 00	20 00

TRICE-EIGH TOR THEE OF 1000		00
ELÆAGNUS angustifolia. Oleaster. 4 to 5 ft\$0.35 5 to 6 ft	\$3 00 4 00 6 00	100
longipes; syn., edulis. Japanese Oleaster. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 35 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Bushy. $+$ 50 3 to 4 ft. Bushy. $+$ 1 00 4 to 5 ft. Bushy. $+$ 1 50 5 to 6 ft. $+$ 2 00 parvifolia. 6 to 7 ft. $+$ 1 00 EUONYMUS alatus. Cork-barked. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $+$ 1 25 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. $+$ 1 50 Though little known, it is one of the most ornamental of flowering and fruiting shrubs. Berries are bright carmine.	3 00 4 00 6 00 10 00 17 50 7 50 10 00 13 50	·25 00 30 00 60 00
Americana. Strawberry Bush— 4 to 5 ft	3 00 4 00 3 00 3 50 4 00	25 00 30 00 20 00 25 00 30 00
EXOCHORDA grandiflora. Pearl Bush. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 35	2 50	20 00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	30 00 35 00
FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell) Fortunei. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	2 50	00 00
3 to 4 ft	3 50 4 00 5 00 2 50 4 00 5 00 7 50 3 00 4 00 6 00 7 50 2 00 3 00 4 00 6 00 8 50	25 00 30 00 35 00 25 00 30 00 40 00 15 00 20 00 50 00 25 00 30 00 50 00
HAMAMELIS Japonica. Japanese Witch Hazel-	0 00	
3 to 3½ ft	4 00 3 00 4 00 6 00 7 50 4 00 3 00	30 00 50 00 60 00 20 00 20 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 00 3 00 4 00 4 00 5 00 4 00	25 00 20 00 25 00 25 00

	Each	10	100
HIBISCUS purpureus folis argentea marginata—	20 25	\$3 00	\$20 00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50	4 00	$\frac{$20\ 00}{25\ 00}$
3 to $3\frac{7}{2}$ ft. to 2 ft.	25	2 00	17 50
2 to 3 ft	35	3 00	20 00
3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	
HIPPOPHAE rhamnoides. See Buckthorn— 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	2 50	15 00
HYDRANGEA arborescens. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	75	5 00	35 00
Hortensis, var. Imperatrice Eugenie-		9 00	05 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; 4-in. pot.	75		
Hortensis, var. Otaska. 3-year Hortensis, var. Japonica. 1 ft	75 75	-	
paniculata. 2½ to 3 ft	35	3 00	25 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.; very heavy 5 to 6 ft.; very heavy	50	4 00	30 00
5 to 6 ft.; very heavy	75	6 00	
6 to 7 ft.; very heavy paniculata grandiflora. 2½ to 3 ft	$\frac{1}{35}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & 50 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$	15 00
3 to 3½ ft.	50	4 00	25 00
3 to 3½ ft. 3½ to 4 ft.	75	6 00	35 00
4 to 5 it.; an extra heavy lot	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{00}{50}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$	50 00 60 00
5 to 6 ft.; bushy	1 50	12 00	00 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	1 00	7 50	50 00
HYPERICUM aureum. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	35	3 00	25 00
calcinum. Aaron's Beard. 12 in	* 35	3 00	15 00
Moserianum hybridum Gold-Flower	35	2 50	15 00
HYPERICUM aureum. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	35	2 50	15 00
promeum. 2 to 2½ it	25	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{00}$	15 00
$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{3}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft	35 50	3 00 3 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
ILEX verticillata. Winter Berry. 1½ to 2 ft	25	2 00	17 50
2 to 2½ ft	35	3 00	25 00
2 to 2½ ft. 3 to 3½ ft.	50	4 00	
ITEA, Virginica. 1½ to 2 ft.	35	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$	15 00
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50 75	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	25 00
IASMINIIM nudiflorum. Vellow Jasmine-		0 00	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	20 00
officinale. Hardy White Jasmine— 2 to 2½ ft.	35	3 00	20 00
KERRIA. See Corchorus.	ออ	5 00	20 00
LESPEDEZA bicolor. 23 to 3 ft.	35	2 50	20 00
3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	25 00
Sieboldi; syn., Desmodium Japonicum-	35	3 00	
Heavy clumps Sieboldi, var. alba. Heavy clumps	50 50	4 00	
LIGUSTRUM Amurense. Amoor Privet—	00	1 00	
2 to 3 ft	35	2 50	
6 to 8 ft	1 00	8 50	
2 to 25 ft.	25	1 50	15 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Broad and heavy	35	2 50	20 00
3 to 3\frac{1}{2} ft. Broad and heavy	50	3 50	$\frac{25}{30} \frac{00}{00}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Broad and heavy 4 to 5 ft. Broad and heavy	$\frac{60}{75}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	35 00
T. to o The Droad and Heavy	.0	0 00	05 00

E	ach	10	100
LIGUSTRUM Ibota. The true upright form-			
$\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{21}{2}$ ft	25 \$		\$15 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35	3 00	20 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	3 50	30 00
5 to 6 ft. Heavy	75	6 00	$50 \ 00$
Ibota, var. Regelianum. Regel's-	- ·	4 00	~~ ~~
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		4 00	25 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	75	6 00	30 00
$\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{4\frac{1}{2}}{2}$ ft		7 50	40 00
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft		00 -00	75 00
media. 4 to 5 itv	75	5 00	30 00
ovalifolium. California Privet—	25	1 00	7 50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; bushy $(1,000,\$40 +)$	$\frac{25}{35}$	1 00 1 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & 50 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{c} 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 3 \text{ ft.}; \text{ bushy} \\ 3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}; \text{ bushy} \\ 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.}; \text{ bushy} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 1,000,\$50+\\1,000,\$60+\\1,000,\$75+\\ \end{array}$	50	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{50}{50}$	15 00
21 to A ft bughy 1,000, 500 \$75\$	60	$\frac{2}{4} \frac{30}{00}$	$\frac{15}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
4 to 5 ft.; bushy 1,000, \$1573	75	5 00	30 00
5 to 6 ft.; bushy	00	6 00	50 00
Grand stock, all transplanted;	00	0 00	
a great deal of Privet offered by			
nurseries has never been trans-			
planted. Ours have all been. We			
find it gives better results.			
Sinensis. Chinese Privet. 4 to 5 ft	50	4 00	
5 to 6 ft.; beautiful, bushy stock	75	6 00	
6 to 8 ft 1	00	7 50	
vulgaris. Common Privet. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	15 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	4 00	$20 \ 00$
LONICERA fragrantissima. Chinese Fragrant Bush			
Honeysuckle. 2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00
3 to 4 ft	35	3 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft.; heavy	50	4 00	
5 to 6 ft.; heavy	75	6 00	



A portion of the propagating grounds at Andorra

Eac	h. 1 0	100
LONICERA Morrowi. Japanese Bush Honeysuckle— 2\frac{1}{2} \tau 0 3 ft	5 00 6 00 3 50	\$25 00 35 00 40 00 20 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 50 3 00 5 00 6 00	
Tatarica (rubra). $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 rt. 5 5 to 6 ft. 7 Tatarica, var. alba. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3 3 to 4 ft. 5 4 to 5 ft.; heavy 1 0	5 6 00 5 3 00 6 3 50 8 50	25 00
Tatarica, var. bella albida. 3 to 4 ft. 50 4 to 5 ft. 77 5 to 6 ft. 1 00 Tatarica, var. gracilis. 3 to 4 ft. 78 4 to 5 ft. 77 Tatarica, var. Chrysanthera. 2 to 2½ ft. 3	5 00 7 50 4 00 6 00	25 00 40 00 50 00 30 00
3 to 4 ft. 5 4 to 5 ft. 7 Tatarica, var. splendens. 2 to 2½ ft. 3 3 to 4 ft. 5 LYCIUM Chinense. Matrimony Vine. 2 to 2½ ft. 3	3 50 5 00 5 3 00 4 00	25 00 35 00 20 00
2½ to 3 ft	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	25 00
PHILADELPHUS coronarius. Mock Orange— 2 to 2½ ft	4 00 6 00	20 00 25 00
grandiflorus. 3 to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	25 00 30 00 50 00 75 00 20 00
6 to 8 ft. 15 Lemoinei. (Hybrid) 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 5 Lemoinei, var. erectus. 2 to 3 ft. 3 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 5 Mt. Blanc. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 5 Zeyheri, var. speciosissimus— 4 to 5 ft. 5		25 00 20 00 25 00 25 00 30 00
5 to 6 ft, POTENTILLA fruticosa. Shrubby Cinquefoil— 2 to 2½ ft	5 6 00 5 3 00 0 3 50	20 00 25 00
PRUNUS amygdalus communis. Flowering Almond— 2 to 2½ ft. 7 amygdalus communis, var. rosea. 2 to 2½ ft. 7		

	T71-	40	400
PYRUS arbutifolia. Chokeberry. 2 to 3 ft	Each 35	$\frac{10}{300}$	\$20 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50 50	4 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft	75	5 00	30 00
RHAMNUS cathartica. Buckthorn, 3 to 4 ft	35	3 00	15 00
	50 50	3 50	20 00
4 to 5 ft		4 00	$\frac{20}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
5 to 6 ft.	75		
RHODOTYPUS kerrioides. White Kerria. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	25	2 00	15 00
2½ to 3 ft	35	3 00	25 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50	4 00	30 00
$\begin{array}{c} 4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \\ 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \end{array}$	$1 \begin{array}{c} 75 \\ 1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	40 00 50 00
	50		35 00
RHUS aromatica. Fragrant Sumac. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	- 75	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	40 00
	1 00	7 50	50 00
copallina. Shining Sumac. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. J	50	4 00	35 00
4 to 5 ft	75	6 00	40 00
Cotinus. Mist, or Smoke Tree. 3 to 3½ ft	35	3 00	25 00
3½ to 4 ft	50	4 00	30 00
5 to 6 ft	75	6 00	35 00
6 to 8 ft	1 00	7 50	40 00
Cotinus, var. atropurpurea. Purple Mist-			
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	- 50	4 00	35 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	6 00	40 00
	1 00	7 50	
RIBES aureum. Golden Currant. 3 to 4 ft	35	3 00	17 50
4 to 5 ft	50	4 00	20 00
Gordonianum. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35	3 00	20 00
3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	30 00
sanguineum. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	
ROBINIA hispida. Rose Acacia. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	2 00	
RUBUS Canadensis. 3 to 4 ft	35	2 00	45 00
odoratus. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	2 00	15 00
3 to 4 ft	35	3 00	20 00
SAMBUCUS Canadensis. 2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00
Melanocarpus. 4 to 5 ft.	75	6 00	
nigra, var. aurea. Golden Elder— : 3 to 4 ft	50	3 50	25 00
4 to 5 ft.	75	4 00	35 00
nigra, var. laciniata. Cut-leaved Elder—	10	1 00	99 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35	3.00	20 00
3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	30 00
racemosa. Red-fruited. 2 to 3 ft	35	3 00	
3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	
5 to 6 ft	1 00	8 50	
SPIRÆA arguta. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	2 50	20 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; heavy	50	3 50	25 00
Billardii. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	20 00
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	3 50	25 00
Bumalda. 2 ft.	35	3 00 4 00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; heavy	50 75	6 00	
3 ft	(3)	0 00	

	ch	. 10	100
SPIRÆA Bumalda, var. Anthony Waterer—	25	\$2 00	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; heavy $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.; heavy	35 50 75	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$20 00 30 00 50 00
callosa. Fortune's Spirea. 3 to 4 ft. callosa, var. alba. 1½ to 2 ft.	50. 35 50 25	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 50 \\ 3 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & 00 \\ 20 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
Japonica, var. Fortunei rosea. 2 to 3 ft Lindleyana. 18 to 24 in	50 35 50	3 50	25 00
opulifolia. 2 to 3 ft	25 35 50	3 50 2 00 3 00 4 00	$\begin{array}{c} 15 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
opulifolia, var. aurea. Golden-leaved— 1½ to 2 ft	75 25 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	50 00 15 00 25 00
4 to 5 ft.; heavyprunifolia flore pleno. Bridal Wreath—	75 35	6 00 3 00	30 00
$3 \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.}; \text{ heavy}$ $\mathbf{Reevesiana} 2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	50 35 50	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	20 00 30 00
4 to 5 ft. rotundifolia; syn., bracteata. 3 to 4 ft	75 75 00	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 5 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	35 00
sorbifolia. 3 to 4 ft	50 75	3 50 6 00	30 00 35 00
2 to 2½ ft. 2½ to 3 ft.; very heavy 3½ to 4 ft.; very heavy	35 50 75 35	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \\ 40 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
2½ to 3 ft. 3 to 3½ ft. 4 to 5 ft.	50 75	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	20 00 30 00 40 00
STAPHYLEA Colchica. Bladder Nut. 2 to 3 ft	50 35 50	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50 00 35 00
5 to 6 ft	75 00 35 50	$egin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \\ 3 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 40 \ 00 \\ 60 \ 00 \\ 25 \ 00 \\ 30 \ 00 \end{array}$
3 to 4 ft. STYRAX Japonica. 2½ to 3 ft. SYMPHORICARPIS racemasus. Snowberry	75 75	6 00 6 00	40 00 50 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35 50 75	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 00 \\ 3 & 50 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 20 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \\ 50 & 00 \end{array}$
vulgaris. Coral Berry— 2 to 3 ft. 3 to 3 ft.	35 50	3 00 4 00	20 00 25 00
5½ to 4 ft.; heavy 4 to 5 ft. 1		6 00 7 00	30 00 40 00
227000 2,2 00 = 20077777777	35 00	2 50 8 50	20 00

	E	ach	10	100
SYRINGA	Josikæa. 5 to C ft\$1	00	\$7.50	
	Josikæa, var. eximia. 4 to 5 ft	00	8 50	
	Josikæa, var. H. Zabel. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	75	6 00	
	Josikæa, var. H. Zabel. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Pekinensis. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Persica. 2 to 3 ft.	(5)	4: 00	
	Persica, var. alba. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	50	4 00 4 00	*\$30 00
	4 to 5 ft	75	6 00	40 00
	4 to 5 ft	35	3 00	
	3 to 4 ft	90	4 00	
	villosa. 3 to 4 ft.	75		40 00
	villosa, var. Emodi. 4 to 5 ft 1 vulgaris. Common Lilac. 2½ to 3 ft	95.	8 50 3 00	
			4 00	
	3½ to 4 ft.; very heavy	00	-900	
	4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; very heavy	50	22 50	
	5 to 6 ft	50	. 4 50	40.00
	Vulgaris alia. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3	75	4 50 6 00	40 00
	vulgaris, named varieties—	10	, 0 00	
	alba grandiflora. Single, white-			·
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	6 00	50 00
	Charles X. Single, reddish purple—	25	3 *00	25 00
	2 to 2½ ft	75	6 00	50 00
	3½ to 4 ft. 1 Frau Bertha Dammann. Single, white—	00	8 50	. 90 .00
	Frau Bertha Dammann. Single, white-			
	2 to 2½ ft. Gloire de Moulins. Single, rosy lilac—	50	. 4 00	
	2 to 21 ft	00	9 00	
	2 to 2½ ft	00	9 00	
	nurnie 2 to 3 tr	7.0	6 00	
	Le Gaulois. Double, peach, $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. 1 Lovaniensis. Single, pink. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. 1	50	13 50	
	Mad. Lemoine. Double, white. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	50 50	13 50 4 00	30 00
	2½ to 3 ft.	75	6 00	40 00
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	12 50	
	Marie LeGraye. Single, white. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	50		30 00
	2 to 3 ft.	66	6 00 8 50	40 00
	Marie LeGraye. Single, white $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$ $2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 3 \text{ ft.}$ $3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$ Marc Micheli. Double, lilac-blue—	00		
	9 10 0 11,	50	13 50	
1 1 1 1 1 1	Michael Buchner. Double, pale lilac—		4 00	
	$\frac{1\frac{1}{2}}{2\frac{1}{2}}$ to 2 ft	50 75	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	
	3 to 31 ft	00	8 50	
	34 to 4 ft	50	13 50	•
	Matthew de Dombasie. Double, mauve— 2½ to 3 ft. 3 to 3½ ft.	~~	a 00	
	2½ to 3 ft	67	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	President Carnot. Double, light 111ac-		0 90	
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	6 00	
	2 to 2½ ft. President Loubet. Double, red—	00	0.00	
	2 10 25 11.	w	9 00	
٠,	Rubra de Marley. Single, reddish purple—2 to 2½ ft.	50	4 00	30 00
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	00	7 50	60 00
10	$\frac{4}{5}$ to $\frac{4^{\frac{1}{2}}}{5}$ ft. $\frac{1}{2}$	50	12 50	
	5 to 6 ft	90	22 50	

46 ANDORRA NURSERIES		
Each	10	100
SYRINGA Senator Volland. Double, red. 3 to 4 ft. \$1 00	\$8 50	
Souvenir de Ludwig Spæth. Single red-		
$\frac{3}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft	600	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7 50	
Verschaffelt Single dank and	12 50	
Verschaffelt. Single, dark red— 4 to 5 ft	13 50	
4 to 5 ft	3 00	\$17 50
3 to 4 ft	4 00	20 00
4 to 5 ft	6 00	30 00
6 to 7 ft	7 50	35 00
Gallica. 3 to 4 ft	3 00	20 00
4 to 5 ft	4 00	25 00
Gallica, var. Indica. 3 to 4 ft	4 00	25 00
5 to 6 ft	6 00	35 00
Japonica plumosa. 2 to 3 ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
VACCINIUM communication Communication of the laboration of the lab	4 00	25 00
VACCINIUM corymbosum. Swamp Huckleberry— 3 to 3½ ft	4 00	25 00
VIBURNUM acerifolium. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 25 $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 35	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 75 \\ 2 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 20 & 00 \end{array}$
cassanoides. White Rod. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft $3\frac{5}{2}$	$\frac{2}{3} \frac{30}{00}$	20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	4 50	30 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	6 00	35 00
4 to $4\frac{\pi}{2}$ ft	7 50	50 00
dentatum. Arrow-wood. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 50 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. 75	4 00	$\frac{25}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
3½ to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 8 & 50 \end{array}$	$\frac{30}{40} \frac{00}{00}$
5 to 6 ft	10 00	75 00
Lantana. Wayfaring Tree. 1½ to 2 ft. 25	2 00	17 50
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 35$	3 00	25 00
3½ to 4 ft.; heavy	4 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft.; heavy	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \ 00 \\ 8 \ 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 35 & 00 \\ 50 & 00 \end{array}$
5 to 6 ft.; very heavy	13 50	$\frac{30}{75} \frac{00}{00}$
Lentago. Sheep-berry. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 35	3 00	25 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{6}{2}$	40 00
5 to 6 ft	7 50	60 00
molle. 3 to 3½ ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
5 to 6 ft	7 50	50 00
Onulus TT' 1 C 1 D 1	. 00	00 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3 00	20 00
$\frac{2}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft,	3 50	30 00
	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	8 50	75 00
5 to 6 ft. Fine Opulus, var. sterile. Guelder Rose	0.00	.0 00
2 to 3 ft	3 00	15 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft	6 00	40 00
plicatum. Japanese Snowball—	5 00	
$\begin{array}{c} 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 3 \text{ ft.} & $	7 50	
5 to 6 ft	12 50	

PRICE-LIST FOR FALL OF	1908		4
	Each	10	100
VIBURNUM plicatum, var. tomentosum. Single Japan Snowball. 4 to 5 ft.; extra fine. 5 to 6 ft. Specimens. Fine 6 to 8 ft. Specimens. Fine A beautiful shrub, deserving extensive planting.	\$0 50 1 00 2 00	\$4 50 6 00 17 50	\$30 00 50 00 100 00
prunifolium. Black Haw.— 2 to 2½ ft	2 20	3 00 4 00 6 00 4 00 6 00 8 30	35 00 50 00 30 00 35 00
3 to 3\frac{1}{2} ft. 3\frac{1}{2} ft. 3\frac{1}{2} to 4 ft. 5 to 2\frac{1}{2} ft. 5 to 4 ft. 5 to 2\frac{1}{2} ft. 5 to 4 ft. 5 to	35 50 75 1 00	\$ 50 3 00 4 00 6 00 7 50	20 00
XANTHORRHIZA apiifolia. Shrub Yellow Root— 8 to 10 in. In clumps 10 to 12 in. In clumps	. 35		15 00 20 00
REEDS and GRAS	SES		
ARUNDO Donax. Clumps BAMBUSA Metake ELYMUS glaucus ERIANTHUS Ravennæ EULALIA Japonica, and vars variegata, gracillima	50 25	10 \$3 50 3 50 1 50 3 50	\$12 50 25 00
univittata zahrina Clumna	50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	20 00 12 50
FESTUCA glauca. 3-in. pots. PHALARIS arundinacea, var. variegata. Ribbon Grass UNIOLA latifolia	25 25	1 50 1 50	12 50 12 50
VINES, CLIMBING and TRAIL	ING	PLA	NTS
ACTINIDIA polygama. 5-in. pots 6-in. pots; heavy AKEBIA quinata. From 4-in. pots AMPELOPSIS quinquefolia. Virginia Creeper. 4-in 3-year, field-grown; heavy quinquefolia var. Engelmanni. 5-in. po 3-year, field-grown; heavy tricuspidata; syn., Veitchi. Japan, Ivy 4-in. pots; heavy 2-year, field-grown; heavy. per J ARISTOLOCHIA Sipho. Dutchman's Pipe Vine. 5-in 6-in. pots 10 3 ft.; field-grown radicans. Scarlet Trumpet Vine. 5-in pots 2 to 3 ft.; field-grown CELASTRUS scandens. False Bitter-sweet— 2 to 3 ft.; heavy; field-grown 3 to 5 ft.; heavy; field-grown	ots; hea or Bost 100, \$15 a pots.	25 vy 35 25 on 25 25 25 1 00 35	10 \$3 50 3 50 3 50 2 00 3 00 2 00 6 00 7 50 3 00 2 00 3 00 2 00 3 00 3 00 6 00 2 00 3 00 6 00 7 50 8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 8 00 8

	Each	10
CLEMATIS coccinea. 4-in. pots	\$0.35	\$3 00
Flammula. Sweet Clematis. 3-in. pots	75	6 00
Flammula. Sweet Clematis. 3-in. pots	35	3 00
Large-nowering varieties.—Fairy Queen, Gem,		
Henryi, Jackmani, Jackmani var. alba,		
Jeanne d'Arc, Duchess of Edinburgh, Ker-		
mesina, Lady Caroline Neville, Lilacina flori- bunda, Madame Van Houtte, Miss Bateman,		
President	50	4 00
President	30	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{50}{50}$
5-in. pots; fine	50	3 50
DOLICHOS. See Pueraria:		
EUONYMUS radicans. 1 ft.; field-grownper 100, \$10	25	1 75
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.; field-grownper 100, \$15		$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{50}$
HEDERA Helix. English Ivy. 4-in. potsper 100, \$15	25	2 00
JASMINUM. See Deciduous Shrubs.		
LATHYRUS latifolius. Everlasting Pea	35	2 50
LONICERA Japonica. Honeysuckle. 4 in. pots	35	2 50
3-year; field-grown	35 35	3 00
Japonica, var. brachypoda; syn., flexuosa. Field-		. 3 00
grown		3 00
Japonica, var. aurea reticulata. 4-in. pots	35	3 00
Japonica, var. Chinensis. Purplish green foliage—		
4-in. pots	25	2 00
Heavy field-grown	35	3 00
Japonica, var. Halleana. 4-in. pots		$\frac{2}{3} \frac{00}{00}$
5-in. pots	35	3 00
sempervirens, var. fuchsioides. Scarlet Trumpet—		3 , 00
5-in pots		3 50
PERIPLOCA Græca. Silk Vine, Field-grown		3 00
5-in, pots		4 00
6-in. pots+	50	4 00
PUERARIA Thunbergiana; syn., Dolichos Japonicus. Kudzu		
Vine. In pots	1 00	7,50
TECOMA. See Bignonia.		
VITIS æstivalis. Summer Grape. 5-in. pots		6 00
heterophylla, var. variegata. 5-in. pots		6 00
Labrusca. Fox Grape, 5-in, pots	50	4 00
WISTARIA Chinensis. Chinese Wistaria— 2 to 3 ft.; field-grown		4 00
2 to 3 ft.; neld-grown	50 75	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$
3 to 4 ft.; field-grown		0 00
Chinensis, var. alba. Field-grown	$\tilde{1} 00$	7.50
frutescens. 3 to 4 ft.	75	6 00
4 to 6 ft \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	$^{2}50$	
		4 00
magnifica. 5 to 6 ft.; held-grown \$1.50 to multijuga. 2 to 3 ft.; field-grown 3 to 4 ft.; field-grown \$1.50 to 4 ft.; field-grown \$1.50 to multijuga, var. alba. Field-grown 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50 to 4 ft. \$1.50 to \$1	75	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$
4 to 6 ft : field-grown \$1.50 to	2 50	0 00
multijuga, var. alba. Field-grown	75	6 00
3 to 4 ft	1 00	7 50
4 to 6 ft\$1.50 to	2.50	

FRUIT DEPARTMENT

APPLES, Summer—Early Harvest, Golden Sweet, Red Astra- chan, Summer Rambo, Sweet Bough, Benoin,	Cac	h	10	
Yellow Transparent. Autumn—Fall Pippin, Gravenstein, Maiden's Blush,				
Smokehouse, Wealthy. Winter—Baldwin, Belle-fleur, Fallawater, King of Tompkins County, Northern Spy, Rhode Island Greening Styman's Winesan York Imperial				
Greening, Styman's Winesap, York Imperial. 5 to 7 ft.; \(\frac{3}{4}\) to 1 in. cal	30	75	\$6 (00
Siberian, Transcendent, 5 to 7 ft CHERRIES, Sour (Dukes and Morellos)—early Richmond, Empress Eugenie, May Duke, Late Duke, Montmorency, 5 to 6 ft		75	6 (00
Large Sweet (Hearts and Bigarreaus)—Black			18 8	50
Tartarian, Governor Wood, Napoleon Bi- garreau, Schmidt's Bigarreau, Windsor, 5 to 6 ft	1	00	8 8	50
NUTS, American Sweet Chestnut. See under Deciduous Trees. Spanish Chestnut. See under Deciduous Trees.	1	00	. 0 •	
Hybrid Chestnut. Paragon, Numbo. 4 to 5 ft	1	50 00	12	50
PEACHES—Belle of Georgia, Fitzgerald, Fox's Seedling, Crawford's late, Elberta, Mountain Rose, Morris White, Oldmixon Free, Stump the				
World, Susquehanna, Troth's Early, Wheatland. 5 to 6 ft		50	3 (50
Autumn and Winter—Beurre d'Anjou, Buffum, Duchesse d'Angouleme, Howell, Kieffer's Hybrid, Lawrence, Rutter, Seckel, Sheldon, Worden- Seckel, 5 to 6 ft.	1	00	8 :	50
Seckel. 5 to 6 ft	2	00	15	00
PLUMS, Japanese—Abundance, Burbank, Chabot, Satsuma. 5 to 6 ft. European—Giant Prune, Imperial Gage, Lombard. QUINCES—Champion, Orange. 3 to 4 ft	1	.00	7	50
QUINCES—Champion, Orange. 3 to 4 ft		75	6	00
SMALL FRUITS				
BLACKBERRIES—Eldorado. Erie, Kittatinny, Rathbun, Snyder, Wilson Juniorper 100, \$3				50
CURRANTS, Red—Cherry, Fay's Prolific; White—White Grape; Black—Lee's Prolific.	٠.,	25	2	
GOOSEBERRIES, Red—Houghton, Industry; Green—Downing, Smith's Improved.				
GRAPES, Black—Concord, Moore's Early, Warden; Red—Brighton, Catawba, Delaware: White		25	.2	00
—Green Mountain, Niagara, Pock- lington, 2-year. Extra heavy		25 50	3	00
Ruby; Yellow—Golden Queen, per 100, \$3		,		50

STRAWBERRIES, Early—Bederwood, Marshall; Medium—

Bubach, Glen Mary, Sharpless;
Late—Brandywine, Gandy, Runners, per 100, \$2; per 1,000, \$7.50.
Potted plants, per 100, \$3 to \$4.

ESCULENT ROOTS

ASPARAGUS—Barr's Mammoth. Per 100, \$1.50; per 1,000, \$7.50. RHUBARB—Best varieties. Per 10, \$1.50; per 100, \$10.

ROSES

1100220		
Potted, unless noted	a.ch	10
AUSTRIAN BRIERS—Harrison's Yellow and Persian Yellow. SWEETBRIER—Rosa rubignosa HYBRIDS Penzance Briers—Amy Robsart, Anne of Geierstein, Brenda, Flora McIvor, Lady Penzance, Lord		\$3 50 3 50
Penzance, Meg Merrilles, Minna	40	3 5 0
tiflora, nitida, rubrifolia, field-grown	35	3 00
CLIMBING—Baltimore Belle, The Dawson, Dorothy Perkins, Lady Gay, Prairie Queen	40 35	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Dawson (carmine) EVERBLOOMING Hybrid Teas—Bessie Brown, creamy white; Betty, ruddy gold; Captain Christy, flesh; Caroline Testout, rose; Countess of Caledon, carmine; Duchesse of Albany, deep pink; Gladys Harkness, salmon-pink; Gruss an Teplitz, crimson; Kaiserine Auguste Victoria, primrose; Killarney, pink; La France, rose; Madame Ravary, yellow; Souvenir du President Carnot, flesh-rose;	40	3 50
Viscountess Folkestone, creamy pink	50	4 50
Malmaison (Bourbon), flesh; White Maman Cochet (Tea), white	50	4 50
Ulrich Brunner, cherry crimson	40	3 50
son: Zenobia. rose.	40	3 50

RUGOSA ROSES			
	ach	10	100
ROSA rugosa. 1½ to 2 ft\$0	.25	\$2 25	\$15 00
2 to 2½ ft	35	3 00	20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	4 00	25 00
rugosa, var. alba. 1½ to 2 ft	50	4 00	25 00
rugosa Hybrids atropurpurea—Blanc Double de Coubert, Conrad F. Meyer, Madame			
Georges Bruant, Madam Charles Worth.			
Mrs. A. Waterer. Pot-grown	50	4 00	
mis, a. waterer. Lot grown	00	1 00	
WICHURAIANA ROSES			
ROSA Wichuraiana. The Trailing Rose. 1 to 2 ft	25	2 00	
2 to 3 ft. In 4-in, pots	35	3 00	25 00
Hybrids-Evergreen Gem, Gardenia, Manda's		7	
Triumph, Pink Roamer, South Orange			
Perfection, Universal Favorite. In pots.	50	2 50	
	90	3 50	
SINGLE ROSES, Dickson's Hybrids—New Irish Beau-	50	5 90	
ty, Irish Glory, Irish Modesty,			
ty, Irish Glory, Irish Modesty, Irish Brightness	75	6 00	
ty, Irish Glory, Irish Modesty,			

HARDY HERBACEOUS PLANTS

	Each	10	100
ACHILLEA filipendulina (Noble Yarrow), July. Golden yellow, 2 ft\$ millefolium roseum (Rosy Milfoil), July to	0 15	\$1 25	\$10 00
September. Pink. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	15 15	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 25 \\ 1 & 25 \end{array}$	10 00
tomentosum (Woolly Yarrow). June, Yellow. 1 ft. ACONITUM Fischeri (Monkshood). September and	25	2 00	
October. Blue. 3 ft	35	2 50	15 00
Lycoctonum (Wolf's-bane). June to September. Yellow. 3 ft.	35	2 50	
ACANTHUS mollis (Bear's Breech). August and September. Rose. 3 ft. AJUGA Genevensis. May. Bright blue. 6 in reptans rubra (Bugle). May. Purplish blue. 6 in. ALTHÆA rosea (Hollyhock). July. Various colors.	35 25 25 25	2 50 1 50 1 50 1 50	12 50 12 50 12 50
4 to 6 ft. rosea, var. Allegheny Fringed. ALYSSUM rostratum. June and July. Golden Yellow. 1 ft.	25 35	1 50 2 50	12 50
saxatile compactum (Golden Tuft). May and June. Yellow. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
May and June. Blue. 3 to 4 ft	75	6 00	
Red. 2 to 3 ft	25 25	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00
Japonica, var. Lady Ardilaun. Fall. White.	25	2 00	15 00



Partial view of Herbaceous Plantations

ANEMONE Japonica, var. Whirlwind. Fall. Pure	lach	10	100
white. 2 to 3 ft\$0	25	\$2 00	\$15 00
Pennsylvanicum. June and July. White. 1 to 2 ft.	25	1 50	12 50
Pulsatilla (Pasque Flower). May. Violet-purple. 9 in	25	1 50	12 50
sylvestris. May. Pure white, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	12 50
ANTHEMIS tinctoria (Chamomile). June to September. Golden Yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
AQUILEGIA baicalense. May to July. Blue and white. 18 in.			20 00
white. 18 in	25	1 50	12 50
Canadensis. (Common Columbine). May to July, Scarlet and Yellow, 1 to 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
Chrysantha. May to August. Golden Yellow.			
3 ft	25	2 00	12 50
to July Rine 18 in	25	2 00	12 50
flabellata, var. nana alba. April to June. White. 1 ft. nivea grandiflora. April to June. White.	0=	0.00	
white. I ft	25	2 00	
2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	12 50
vulgaris fl. nl. May to July White to blue	25	2 00	10 50
1½ to 2 ft. truncata. May and June. Scarlet, yellow-	40	2 00	12 50
tipped. 2 it	25	2 00	12 50
ARABIS alpina (Rock Cress). April and May.	25	1 50	10 00
White 4 inalpina fl. pl. Double	$\frac{25}{35}$	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{50}{50}$	10 00
ARENARIA montana, var. grandiflora (Sandwort).			10 50
May and June. White. 6 in	25	1 50	12 50

August. White, 5 ft.....

BOLTONIA asterioides (False Chamomile). August and September. White. 4 ft.......latisquama. August and September. Light lilac. 4 ft.......

CALIMERIS incisa (Starwort). July to September.

Light blue. 18 in.....

12 50

10 00

10 00

10 00

25

25

25

1 50

1 50

1 50

1 50

	Each	10	100
CALLIRHOË involucrata (Poppy Mallow). All summer. Rosy crimson. 1 ft\$	0 25	\$1 50	\$10 00
CAMPANULA Carpatica (Carpathian Harebell).	25	1 50	10 00
June to September. Blue. 9 in	25		
Morrheimi. May to July. White. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	35	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \end{array}$	10 00
persicifolia (Peach Bells). June and July. Blue. 18 in	25	1 50	10 00
persicifolia alba. June and July. White. 18 in pyramidalis (Chimney Bellflower). August and September. Blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
CENTAUREA montana (Perennial Cornflower).	25	1 50	10 00
June and July. Dark purple, 1½ ft CERASTIUM tomentosum. June and July. White.	25	1 50	
6 in	25	1 50	12 50
ber and November. Blue. 6 in	25	2 00	15 00
CHELONE Lyoni (Turtlehead). August and September. Rose-purple. 2 ft.	3 5	2 50	
obliqua, var. alba (Shell-flower). August and September. White. 2 ft	35	2 50	
CHRYSANTHEMUM leucanthemum hybridum (Shasta Daisies). Alaska, California, Wes-	~ =	0 40	
tralia. All summer. White. 2 ft	35	2 50	15 00
July to October. White. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Pompon Varieties. Fall. All colors. 1½ to 2 ft.	35 25	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	10 00
Pompon Varieties, Heavy Stockulignosum. September. White. 2½ ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 00 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
CHRYSOGONUM Virginianum (Golden Joint), June. Yellow, 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
CHRYSOPSIS villosa (Golden Aster). September. Yellow. 2 ft	25	2 00	15 00
CIMICIFUGA acerinum. August and September.	35	2 50	10 00
White. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	2 50	15 00
White. 2 to 3 ft. racemosa (Snakeroot). July. White. 3 to 5 ft.	25	1 50	12 50
CINERARIA. See Artemisia. CLEMATIS crispa (Leather-flower). June to Sep-	~~	4 70	40 50
tember. Lavender. 3 to 4 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Fragrant. 3 ftrecta. June to August. White. Fragrant.	25	1 50	12 50
2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
ber and October. Deep blue. 18 in	25	1 50	12 50
and June. White. 6 to 9 in	25	2 00	15 00
Golden yellow. 2 ft	15	1 25	10 00
coronitla varia (Crown Vetch). June and October. Pink. 1 to 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50

PRICE-LIST FOR FALL OF 19	908		.55
F	Cach	10	100
DELPHINIUM Chinense (Larkspur). July to Sep-	95	\$1 50	\$10 00
tember. Blue. 1½ ft\$0 Chinense, var. album. July to September. White.	40		
1½ ftelatum (Bee Larkspur). June to August. Blue.	25	1 50	10 00
4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
formosum (Larkspur). June to September. Deep blue. 4 ft	25	1 50	10.00
DIANTHUS barbatus (Sweet William). May to July.		1 00	
Mixed colors. 1½ ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	10 00 10 00
latifolius. June. Red. 1 ft	25	1 50	10 00
plumarius (Hardy Pinks). May and June. 1 ft.	25	2 00	15 00
Delicata. Rose, with fringed petals.			
Delicata. Rose, with fringed petals. Laura Wilmer. White, with maroon center. Her Majesty. White. Mrs. Sinkins. White.			
Mrs. Sinkins. White.			
Stanislaus. Violet-rose, with crimson center. DICENTRA eximia (Seal-flower). June to August.			
Pink. 1 ft	25	1 50	10 00
spectabilis (Bleeding-heart). May and June. Pink. 2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	12 50
DICTAMNUS fraxinella (Gas Plant). June. Purple.	25	0.50	15 00
3 ft	35 35	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \end{array}$	15 00 15 00
DIGITALIS ambigua (Foxglove). July and August.	05	0.00	45.00
Pale yellow. 3 ft June and July.	25	2 00	15 00
Mixed colors. 4 to 5 ftpurpurea, var. gloxiniæflora. June and July.	25	1 50	10 00
Mixed colors. 4 to 5 ft	25	1 50	10 00
DORONICUM Austriacum. April and May. Yellow.	35	2 50	15 00
plantagineum, var. excelsum. April to June.			
Yellow. 2 ft	35	2 50	15 00
September. Rosy purple. 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00
ERIGERON speciosus (Fleabane). June to August. Violet-blue. 1½ to 2 ft	25	2 00	15 00
ERYNGIUM amethystinum (Sea Holly). July to	35	2 50	
September. Amethyst-blue. 2 ft EUPATORIUM ageratoides (White Snakeroot). Sep-	50	2 50	
tember and October. White, 3 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	1 50 1 50	12 50
cœlestinum. Fall. Light blue. 2 ft EUPHORBIA corollata (Spurge). July to Septem-	20	1 50	
ber. White. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	12 50
FEVERFEW, Little Gem. June to October. White.	25	1 50	10 00
FUNKIA Fortunei (Day Lily). July to August. Blue.	05	1 50	10 50
ovata. July to August. Deep blue. 1½ to 2 ft.	$\frac{25}{25}$	1 50 1 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
subcordata, var. grandiflora. September. White. Fragrant. 2 ft	25	2 00	15 00
undulata, var. media picta variegata. July and			
August. Lilac. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50

E	ach	10	100
GAILLARDIA grandiflora (Blanket-flower). June to November. Yellow. 1½ ft\$0	25	\$1 50	\$10 00
GALEGA officinalis (Goat's Rue). July and August.			
Blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
4 11	25	1 50	10 00
GERANIUM sanguineum (Cranesbill). June to September. Red. 1½ ft	25	1 50	
GEUM coccineum (Avens). June and July. Scarlet.	25	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	15 00
Heldrecht, June, Orange, 18 m.,	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{00}{00}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
montanum. June and July. Yellow. 18 in GILLENIA trifoliata (Bowman's Root). Rose and white. July. 3 ft	35	2 50	
GYPSOPHILA paniculata (Baby's Breath). July.		_ 00	
White. 2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
her Yellow 14 ff	25	1 50	10 00
autumnale, var. superbum. July to October. Yellow. 4 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
grandicephalum, var. striatum. August to October. Orange. 3 ft	25	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	15 00
HOOPESI. All summer. Orange-yellow. 2 ft HELIANTHUS (Perennial Sunflowers) giganteus.	25	2 00	15 00
August to October. Pale yellow. 6 to 10 ft. Maximiliana. September. Deep yellow. 6 to 8 ft.	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
mollis. September and October. Golden yellow.	25	1 50	10 00
multiflorus fl. bl. July and August. Golden			
yellow. 4 ft. orgyalis. September and October. Golden	25	1 50	10 00
rigidus. July to October Golden vellow 3 ft.	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
rigidus, var. Miss Mellish. September and Octo-	25	1 50	10 00
rigidus, var. Wolly Dodd. September. Deep yellow. 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00
HELIOPSIS Pitcheriana. June to October. Orange-	25	1 50	10 00
yellow. 3 ft			10 00
White, 6 in	35 35	$\frac{3}{3} \frac{00}{00}$	
HEMEROCALLIS Dumortieri (Yellow Day Lily). June and July. Orange-yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
flava lung Vollow 2 ft	2 5	1 50	12 50
fulva (Tawny Day Lily). July and August. A tawny yellow. 24 ft.	25	1 50	12 50
fulva, var. Kwanso fl. pl. (Double Orange Lily). July and August. Coppery yellow. 2½ ft	25	1 50	12 50
fulva, var. Thunbergii. August and September. Lemon-yellow. 2½ ft	25	1 50	12 50
HEPATICA triloba (Liverleaf). April. White and	25	1 25	10 00
HEUCHERA sanguinea (Alumroot). June to September. Coral-red. 18 in.	25	2 00	15 00
sanguinea, var. aina. June to September. White.	25	2 00	19 00
18 in	25	2 00	



A field of Japanese Iris at Andorra

I	Cach	10	100
HIBISCUS militaris. June to September. Buff-yellow.	0-	00.00	
18 in\$0 Moscheutos (Mallow). July to September.	25	\$2 00	
Moscheutos (Mallow). July to September.	0-	4 50	910 00
Rose, 5 ft	25	1 50	\$10 00
moscheutos, var. Crimson Eye. July to Sep-	25	1 50	10 00
tember. White. 5 ft	20	1 90	10 00
IBERIS sempervirens (Candytuft). April and May.			
White, 6 in.	25	1 50	10 00
corifolia. April and May. White. 9 in	$\tilde{2}_{5}^{5}$	1 50	10 00
INULA Britannica (Fleabane). July to September.	20	1 00	10 00
Light yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
IRIS. For Special Descriptive Lists, consult Calen-			
dar of Hardy Perennials.			
atroviolacea. May. Dark violet. 2 to 2½ ft	35	3 00	
cristata. April and May. Light blue. 6 in	25	1 50	12 50
Florentina. May. Tinted white. Fragrant. 1½ ft	25	2 00	
Germanica. May. Named varieties. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	25	1 50	10 00
lævigata; syn., Kæmpferi (Japanese Iris). June	0=	0.00	17 00
and July. Our selection, all colors. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.	25	2 00	15 00
Customer's selection	35	3 00	25 00
Pallida, var. Dalmatica. June. Light blue. 3 ft.	35	3 00	25 00
Pallida. var. speciosa. June. Indigo-blue.	35	3 00	25 00
2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00
pumila nova. May. Various colors. 8 to 10 in.	25	1 50	12 50
Sibirica. May and June. Bright blue. 1½ ft.	20000	7 50	10 00
Sibirica, var. alba. June. White, 2 ft. Rare.	35	1 50 3 00	25 00
Sibirica, var. orientalis. May. Deep blue, 1½ ft.	25	1 50	10 00
tectorum. May. Bright lilac. 1 ft	25	2 00	15 00

57

E	ach		100
KNIPHOFIA aloides (Red-hot Poker). August and September. Crimson. 3 ft	25	\$1 50	\$12 50
3 to 4 ft. Pfitzerii (Flame Flower). July to October.	35	2 50	15 00
Orange-scarret. 5 to 4 ft	35	2 50	15 00
LATHYRUS latifolius, var. albus (Hardy White Pea). Summer. Climbing	25	2 00	*
latifolius, var. roseus. Summer. Rose. Climbing. latifolius, var. splendens. Summer. Climbing.	$\frac{\overline{25}}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	15 00
latifolius, var. Pink Beauty. Summer. Bright			
pink. Climbing	25 25	2 00 1 50	15 00 12 50
vera (Lavender). 15 to 18 in	25	1 50	$\frac{12}{12} \frac{50}{50}$
LIATRIS graminifolia (Blazing Star). August and September. Rosy purple. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
pycnostachya (Kansas Gay Feather). September. Rosy purple. 4 to 5 ft.			
spicata (Gay Feather). August and Septem-	25	1 50	12 50
ber. Deep purple. 3 to 4 ft	25	1 50	12 50
LILIUM Canadense (Meadow Lily). July. Shades of yellow. 2 to 4 ft.	25	1 50	12 50
Philadelphicum (Wood Lily). July and August. Orange-scarlet. 2 to 4 ftspeciosum, var. roseum (Japan Lily). July and	25	2 00	15 00
speciosum, var. roseum (Japan Lily). July and August. Rosy white. 2 to 4 ft	25	2 00	15 00
August. Rosy white. 2 to 4 fttigrinum (Tiger Lily). August. Salmon-red. 3 to 4 ft.	25	1 50	12 50
LINUM Austriacum (Austrian Flax). June to			12 00
August, Bluish purple. 18 in perenne (Perennial Flax). June to September.	25	1 75	
Clear blue. 18 in	25	1 75	
LOBELIA cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). August and September. Scarlet. 2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
tember. Deep blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	
LYCHNIS Chalcedonica (London Pride). July to September, Vermilion, 2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
coronaria (Rose Campion). June and July. Crimson. 1½ to 2 ft.	25	1 25	10 00
coronaria, var. alba. June and July. White.			
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. Haageana. June and July. Orange-scarlet. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 25 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	10 00
vespertina, var. alba plena (White Campion). May to September. White. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
viscaria (Catchfly). June and July. Red. 1½ ft. viscaria, var. splendens. (German Catchfly).	25	1 50	12 50
June and July. Pink. 15 in	25	1 50	12 50
LYSIMACHIA clethroides (Loosestrife). July to September. White. 1½ ft	25	1 25	10 00
nummularia (Moneywort). June to August. Yellow. Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
LYTHRUM roseum superbum (Rose Loosestrife). July to September. Rose. 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
MERTENSIA pulmonarioides (Virginia Cowslip). May and June. Blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
May and other street, a territorial			

2 to 3 ft.....

25

25

2 00

2 00

T	lach	10	100
PHLOX amena. May. Bright pink. 3 to 4 in\$0 Carolina. May and June. Rosy red. 1 ft divaricata (Wild Sweet William). May and		\$1 50 1 50	\$10 00
divaricata (Wild Sweet William). May and June. Lavender. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
See the Calendar of Hardy Perennials for	25	2 00	15 00
Special List. All colorssubulata (Mountain Pink). May and June. Rose. Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
subulata, var. alba. May and June. White.	25	1 50	10 00
subulata, var. atropurpurea. May and June. Purple. Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
subulata, var. lilacina. May. Lilac. Creeping subulata, var. Nelsoni. May and June. Pure	25	1 50	12 50
white, Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
white Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
August. Deep rose. 3 ft	25 25	1 50 1 50	10 00
Virginiana, var. speciosa. August. Pink. 3 ft.	25	1 50 1 50	10 00
PLATYCODON grandiflorum (Balloon-flower). July. Blue. 1½ ft grandiflorum, var. album. July. White. 1½ ft.	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	
grandiflorum, var. Mariesi. June to October. Blue. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
POLEMONIUM cœruleum (Jacob's Ladder). May to July. Deep blue. 1½ ft	25	2 00	15 00
$1_{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 2 ft	25	2 00	
PRIMULA acaulis (Primrose). May. Yellow. 6 to 9 in	25	1 50	12 50
capitata (Primrose). Deep lilac, 9 in suaveolens (Cowslip). May. Yellow and	25	1 50	12 50
orange. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
vulgaris (English Primrose). May. Yellow.	25	1 50	12 50
6 to 9 in	25	1 50	12 50
White, pink and red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ftroseum fl. pl. Named varieties. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$\frac{25}{35}$	$\frac{1}{3} \frac{50}{00}$	10 00
RANUNCULUS aconitifolius fl. pl. (Crow's-foot). June. White. 1½ to 2 ft	25	1 50	
acris fl. pl. (Yellow Bachelor's Buttons). June. Yellow. 2 ft.	25	1 50	
repens (Double Buttercup). May to July. Yellow. 1 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
ROSMARINUS officinalis (Rosemary). Scented	25	1 50	20 00
RUDBECKIA laciniata, var. Golden Glow. July to			10.00
September. Yellow. 8 ft	25 25	1 25 1 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
nitida (Cone-flower). August and September. Pale yellow. 5 ft	25	1 50	10 00

SALVIA argentea. June. White, white foliage. 2 ft., \$0	Cach 25	10 \$1 50	100 \$10 00
Caucasicum. July and August. Reddish purple.	25	1 50	10 00
pratensis (Meadow-sage). June to September. Deep blue. 2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00
SANGUINARIA Canadensis (Bloodroot). White. April. 6 in	25	1 50	10 00
SANTOLINA incana (Lavender Cotton). July. Deep yellow. 1 ft	25	1 50	10 00
SAXIFRAGA cordifolia (Rockfoil). April to June. Rosy purple. 15 in	25	2 00	15 00
SCABIOSA Caucasica (Mourning Bride). Lavender-blue. June. 15 to 18 in	35	2 50	15 00
SEDUM acre (Golden Moss). May and June. Yellow. Spreading	25	1 25	10 00
album. July. White, 4 to 6 in	$\frac{25}{25}$	1 25 1 25	10 00 10 00
low. 6 in	25	1 25	10 00
spectabile (Brilliant Stonecrop). September and October. Rose. 12 to 15 in	25	2 00	15 00
spectabile, var. atropurpurea. September and October. Purplish crimson, 15 in telephoides. July and August. Pink. 1 ft SENECIO clivorum. Summer. Yellow. 3 ft	25 25 35	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 50 \end{array}$	15 00 15 00 15 00
pulcher (Groundsel). July to October. Rosy purple. 1½ to 2 ft	25	1 50	19 00
SILENE Pennsylvanicum (Wild Pink). April and May. Rose or white. 9 in	25	1 25	10 00
SMILACINA racemosa (False Solomon's Seal). April. White. 1½ ft	25	1 50	
SPIRÆA (Goat's Beard, or Meadowsweet) aruncus. June and July. White. 4 to 5 ft	35 25 25 25	2 50 1 50 2 00 2 00	15 00 12 50 15 00 15 00
lobata. July. Pink. 3 to 4 ft	25 25	2 00 2 00	19 00
venusta. June and July. Deep pink. Fragrant. 3 ft.	25	2 00	
STACHYS Betonica; syn., Betonica rosea. July and August. Rose. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
SIAILLE Latarica (Sea Lavender). June to August.	25	1 50	10 00
Red. 15 to 18 in. latifolia (Great Sea Lavender). July and August. Deep blue. 2 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
STORESIA CVARCA (Stokes Aster) JULY to Cleto-		_ 00	
ber. Lavender. 1½ ft	25	2 00	15 00
TANACETUM globiferum (Tansy). August. Golden	50	3 50	
yellow. 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00

	Each	10	100
THALICTRUM adiantifolium (Meadow Rue). June. Yellow. 18 in	25	\$1.50	\$10 00
aquilegifolium (Feathered Columbine). June.			.\$10 UU
polyganum (Tall Rue) June White 3 to 4 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	
purpurascens. June to August. Purple. 3 to 4 ft.	25		
THERMOPSIS Caroliniana. June. Yellow. 3 to	20	1 50	
4 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	1 50	
THYMUS montanus, var coccineus (Scarlet Thyme)	25	1 50	
May. Bright red. 4 in	25	1 50	
∠ IT	25	1 25	
TRADESCANTIA Virginiana (Spiderwort). June to	0-	4 ***	
October. Purple. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
2 It	25	1 50	12 50
TRILLIUM erectum (Wake Robin). March and April. Purple. 9 to 12 in	25	1.50	
grandiflorum (Wood Lily). March and April. White. 9 to 12 in.	25	1 50	
TROLLIUS Europæus (Globe-flower). May to August.	20	1 50	
Yellow. 2 ft.	25	1 50	12 50
VALERIANA coccinea (Valerian). June to October. Reddish. 2 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
omcinalis (Hardy Heliotrope). June and July.			
Rose-pink. 2 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	10 00
VERBASCUM Olympicum (Mullein). July to Sep-	25	7 50	10 50
tember. Yellow. 6 ft	25	1 50	12 50
ber. Red. 5 ft.	25	2 00	
Baldwini. August to October. Purple. 4 ft VERONICA longifolia, var. rosea (Speedwell). July	25	2 00	
to October. Rose. 1½ ft.	25	1 50	
to October, Rose, 1½ ft. longifolia, var. subsessilis. August to November. Deep blue, 1½ to 2 ft. rupestris (Rock Speedwell). June and July.	25	2 00	15 00
rupestris (Rock Speedwell). June and July.	25	1 50	10 00
Blue Spreading			
1½ ft. Virginica. August to September. White, 4 ft.	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\frac{10}{10} \frac{00}{00}$
VINCA minor (Periwinkle). May. Bright blue.			
Spreading	25	1 50	10 00
May. Purple and White. 4 in	25	1 50	12 50
Mixed	25	1 25	10 00

A CALENDAR OF PERENNIALS

This booklet, in a revised edition, with monthly lists, and special lists of Phlox, Iris, Peonies and Chrysanthemums, will be found valuable in arranging hardy gardens.

FERNS ADIANTUM pedatum (Maidenhair Fern). 1 to 2 ft. Moist, shaded positions.

ASPIDIUM acrostichoides (Christmas Fern). 1 to 2 ft. Evergreen. Dry or			
moist soils in shady places. Felix-mas (Male Fern). 2 ft. Semi-shaded positions, dry or moist soils. Goldianum. 2 to 4 ft. Semi-shaded positions, dry or moist soils. marginale. Evergreen. 1 to 2 ft. Shaded positions, dry or moist soils. ASPLENIUM Filix-femina (Lady Fern). 2 to 3 ft. Open or shaded positions,			
in moist or ary soils.			
BOTRYCHIUM Virginianum (Moonwort). 6 to 12 in, Shaded positions, moist or dry soils,			
DICKSONIA punctilobula (Boulder Fern). 2 to 3 ft. For open positions;			
' forms large plantations, ONOCLEA sensibilis (Sensitive Fern). 1 to 2 ft. For open planting and wet soils.			
Struthiopteris (Ostrich Fern). 2 to 4 ft. For open positions, dry or			
moist soils. OSMUNDA gracilis (Flowering Fern). 2 to 4 ft. Open or shaded positions, and moist soils.			
Claytoniana. 2 to 5 ft. For open plantings, dry or moist soils. cinnamomea (Cinnamon Fern). 2 to 5 ft. For open or shaded positions,			
in wet soils. WOODSIA obtusa. 6 to 12 in. Shady places, in moist soil WOODWARDIA angustifolia (Chain Fern). 1 ft. Open or shaded positions,			
in moist soils. The above varieties, 25 cts. each, \$2 per 10, \$15 per 100. The above collection, 15 varieties, \$3. 100 in 5 varieties, our selection, \$12.50.			
HEDGE PLANTS			
We shall be pleased to name special prices for plants in quantity for hedging purposes.			
EVERGREEN TREES			
Biota orientalis 4 Picea excelsa 7 Retinospora plumosa aurea 11 SEE PAGE Thuya occidentalis 3 Occidentalis Wareana 14 Tsuga Canadensis 14			
DECIDUOUS TREES			
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
EVERGREEN SHRUBS			
Azalea amœna			
DECIDUOUS SHRUBS			
Acanthopanax spinosa 33 Berberis Thunbergi and vulgaris 35 Elæagnus longipes 39 Forsythia viridissima 39 Hippophae rhamnoides 40 Ligustrum Ibota, Regelianum, ovalifolium, vulgare 41 Lonicera Tatarica 42 Rhamnus cathartica 43			

OUR CATALOGS

THE ANDORRA HANDBOOK. Planters who desire a complete descriptive list will be supplied with our Handbook of Trees and Plants for 50 cents, which will be credited upon their first purchase amounting to \$5.

ANDORRA'S HANDBOOK will serve as a standard guide, being up-to-

ANDORRA'S HANDBOOK will serve as a standard guide, being up-todate in nomenclature, and containing conservative descriptions of a vast list of trees and plants, with hints on planting, pruning and caring for them. It is illustrated and fully indexed.

PRICE-LISTS are issued semi-annually. Owing to our large output, and the changes in sizes of stock by reason of each season's growth, frequent

- revisions of the PRICE-LIST are necessary, to keep customers thoroughly posted on the stock we offer. You are always sure your order will be filled if you find the items in the current season's PRICE-LIST.
- MORE SPECIALTIES, a booklet of 32 pages, describing and illustrating a large number of very choice things for the country home. A great help in deciding upon just the right thing to plant.
- **BEAUTIFUL LAWNS**, **BOOKLET No. 27**. This little pamphlet treats of Lawn Fertilizing, and its eight pages should be carefully read by all interested in having a good lawn.
- BOXWOOD, BOOKLET No. 28. For formal gardens and in connection with architectural effects, BOXWOOD is now absolutely necessary. This booklet shows the different forms we offer.
- HINTS FOR SUCCESSFUL PLANTING, BOOKLET No. 30. Does not aim to cover every point that may arise, but it gives the principles in such a way that any one, by following its directions, can secure the best results.
- A CALENDAR OF HARDY PERENNIALS, BOOKLET No. 33-26, with special lists of Iris, Phlox, Peonies and Chrysanthemums. This little booklet gives a complete list of Perennials, and shows in tabulated form their height, color, and months of bloom; invaluable to those planning herbaceous gardens.

MEASURING TREES AND SHRUBS

All trees and shrubs are measured as they stand in the Nursery before digging. In evergreen trees and in evergreen and deciduous shrubs the height is taken from the ground to the top of the plant.

Deciduous trees are measured from the ground to the top of the head, and the caliper or diameter of the trunk is taken above the collar. Measurements are expressed thus: 10 to 12 ft. (height), $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in. (caliper).

DEPARTMENTS

PAGE	PAGE
Fertilizers 2	Vines and Climbing Plants47
General Instructions and Terms 3	Fruit and Small Fruits49, 50
Evergreen Trees 4	Roses
Evergreen Shrubs	Herbaceous Plants51
Deciduous Trees20	Ferns
Deciduous Shrubs33	Hedge Plants63
Reeds and Grasses47	Catalogs

INDEX

INDEX			
PAGE	_ PAGE	PAGE	
Aaron's Beard40	Baby's Breath56	Catalpa24	
Abelia33	Baccharis35	Ceanothus36	
Abies 4	Bambusa47	Cedar	
Acanthus	Baptisia53	Cedrela	
Acanthopanax33	Barberry35	Cedrus 5	
Acer20-22	Basswood32-33	Celastrus47	
Achillea	Beard Tongue59	Celtis	
Aconitum51	Bear's Breech51	Cephalanthus36	
Actinidia	Beauty-fruit35	Cephalotaxus 5 Cerastium	
Adiantum63	Beech	Cerasus	
Æsculus23, 33	Belemcanda53	Ceratostigma54	
Ailanthus23	Bell-flower54	Cercidiphyllum25	
Ajuga	Bellis53	Cercis	
Akebia47	Benzoin35	Chamædaphne16	
Alder23	Berberis35	Chamomile52	
Allspice, or Sweet	Betonica. See Stachys.	Chaste Tree47	
Allspice, or Sweet Shrub35	Betula24	Chelone54	
Alnus23	Bignonia47	Cherries	
Althæa (see, also, Hi-	Balloon-flower60	Cherry	
biscus)39, 40, 51	Biota4-5	Chestnut	
Alum Root	Birch24	Chinese Angelica Tree.23	
Alyssum51	Bittersweet47	Chinese Arborvitæ 5	
Amelanchier23, 33	Black Alder23	Chinese Cork Tree29	
Amorpha34	Blackberries49	Chionanthus36	
Ampelopsis47	Black Haw47	Chokeberry43	
Amygdalus. See Prunus.	Black Walnut27	Christmas Rose56	
Anchusa51	Bladder Nut44	Chrysanthemum54	
Andromeda (see, also,	Bladder Senna36	Chrysogonum54	
Oxydendrum)15, 23	Blanket-flower55	Chrysopsis54	
Anemone	Blazing Star58 Bleeding Heart5	Cimicifuga54	
Apples49	Blue Spirea35	Cineraria. See Arte-	
Aquilegia52	Bocconia	Cinquefoil42	
Arabis	Boltonia53	Cladrastris25	
Aralia23	Botrychium63	Clematis	
Arborvitæ4, 5, 13	Box	Clethra36	
Arenaria	Bridal Wreath44	Columbine52, 62	
Aristolochia57	Broussonetia24	Colutea	
Armeria53	Buckthorn43	Comptonia36, 37	
Aronia. See Pyrus.	Butterfly Weed53	Cone-flower55, 60	
Arrow-wood46	Buttonwood30	Conoclinium54	
Artemesia53	Buxus	Convallaria54	
Arundo47	Calimeris53	Coral Berry44	
Asclepias	Callicarpa35	Corchorus36	
Ash	Callirhoe54	Coreopsis54	
Asparagus50	Calycanthus35	Cornus25, 36, 37 Corvlus37	
Asplenium63	Campanula54	Cotoneaster16, 37	
Aster53	Candytuft57 Caragana35	Crab Apples30	
Astilbe53	Cardinal-flower58	Cranberry Bush46	
Astrantia53	Carpinus24	Cratægus17, 25, 26	
Aubrietia53	Caryopteris35	Cryptomeria 5	
Azalea15, 34, 35	Castanea24	Cucumber Tree28	
, 777777120, 01, 00			

PAGE	Ginkgo PAGE	PAGE
Cupressus12 Currant43, 49	Ginkgo32	Kniphofia58
Currant	Gleditschia	Kiliptolia 36 Kœlrenteria 27 Kudzu Vine 48 Larch 27 Larix 27 Larkspur 54 Lathyrus 48 Laurel 16-17 Lavandula 58 Lavandur 58
Cydonia 37	Globe-flower36	Kudzu Vine48
Cypress9, 12, 32 Cytisu27, 37	Goat's Beard61	Laren21
Cytisu27, 37	Golden Poll	Larly Larly S4
Daisy53	Globe-Bower 56 Goat's Beard 61 Gold-Bower 40 Golden Bell 39 Golden Chain 26 Golden Tuft 51 Glyptostrobus, See Tax- odium.	Larkspur
Day Lily55-56	Colden Tuft 51	Laurel 16.17
Daphne	Clyptostrobus See Toy-	Lavandula 58
Deciduous Shrubs .33-47	odium	Lavender58
Deciduous Trees20-33	Gooseberries49	Lavender-cotton61
Delphinium55	Grapes	Lespedeza40
Desmodium. See Les-	Groundsel Shrub35, 61	Liafris
pedeza37	Guelder Rose46	Ligustrum40-41 Lilae44
Deutzia31, 38	Gymnocladus27	Lilac44
Daisy .53 Day Lily .55-56 Daphne .17 Deciduous Shrubs .33-47 Deciduous Trees .20-33 Delphinium .55 Desmodium See Lesped pedeza .37 Deutzia .37 Dienthus .55 Dicentra .55	Onum. Gooseberries 49 Grapes 4849 Groundsel Shrub 35, 61 Guelder Rose 46 Gymnocladus 27 Gypsophila 56 Halesia 39 Hassacalis 39 Hassacalis	Lilium 58 Lily-of-the-valley 54 Linden 32-33
Dicentra	Halesia39	Lily-of-the-valley54
	Hamamelis 39 Hardy Roses 50-51 Hawthorn 26	Lillden
Diervilla38	Hardy Roses90-91	Linum58
Digitalis	Hazel	Liquidambar28 Liriodendron28
Diospyros	Hodora 48	Liver Leaf56
Dagwood25, 36-37	Hedge Plants 63	Lohelia 58
Dolichos. See Pueraria.	Helenium56	Locust
Doronicum	Helianthus56	Lobelia
Dutchman's Dine 47	Heliopsis56	Lonicera41, 42, 48
Echinacea55	Helleborus56	Loosestrife58
Butterman s Fipe Echinacea 55 Elæagnus 39 Elder 43 Elm 33 Elymus 47 60 60	Hadera	Lycinis
Elder43		
Elm33	Homlack 14	Lysimachia
Elymus	Hepatica	Lythrum
English Primrose00	Herbaceous Plants .51-52	Maclura28
English Ivy	Heuchera	Magnolia28
Erigeron 55	High Craphorry Bush 46	Magnolia 28 Mahonia 17 Maidenhair Tree 32 Maple 20-23 Matrimony Vine 42 Meadow Rue 61 Mertensia 58 Mint flower 54
Erigeron .55 Eryngium .55 Esculent Roots .50	High Cranberry Bush 46 Hippophae 40 Holly 17	Maple 20-23
Esculent Roots50	Holly 17	Matrimony Vine 42
Eulalia47	Hollyhocks (see, also,	Meadow Rue61
Eulalia	Holly hocks (see, also, Althæa) 51 Honey Locust 27 Honeysuckle 41, 48 Hop Tree 30 Hornbeam 24 Hornbeam 24	Meadow Sweet61
Eupatorium55	Honey Locust27	Mertensia58
Euphorbia55	Honeysuckle41, 48	Mint-flower54 Mist, or Smoke Tree43
Evening Primrose59 Evergreen Shrubs15-20	Hop Tree30	Mist, or Smoke Tree 43
Evergreen Shrubs 15-20	Hornbeam24	Mist, or Smoke Tree 43 Mock Orange 42 Monarda 59 Moneywort 58 Moorkshood 51 Morrus 29 Mountain Ash 32
Evergreen Shrubs 10-20 Evergreen Thorn 17 Evergreen Trees 4-15 Everlasting Pea 48 Exochorda 39 Fagus 26 Ferns 63 Festuca 47 Teverfew 55 60 Fir 58	Hornoeam 24 Horse-chestnut 23 Hydrangea 40 Hypericum 40 Hypericum 57 Hex 5, 17, 40 Inula 57 Lie 57	Monarda59
Evergreen Trees+15	Hydrangea40	Moneywort
Everiasting rea40	Thoria 57	Monug 20
Fagus 26	Heris 5 17 40	Mountain Ash 39
Ferns63	Inula 57	Mourning Bride
Festuca		Mountain Ash 32 Mourning Bride 61 Mulberry 24 29 Myosotis 59 Myosics 69
Feverfew	Iron Weed	Myosotis59
Fir 4	Itea40	Myrica
Flame-flower58	Jacob's Ladder60	Negundo. See Acer Ne-
Flame-flower	Japanese Maples 22-23	
Flowering Crab30	Japan, or Boston Ivy27	Nepeta59
Forget-me-not59	Japan Cypress 9	Nettle Tree25
Forsythia	Japan Judas	Nuts
Fox Cropo 48	Japan Quince	Nyassa
Provinue 97	Jasmino 40	CEnothers 50
Forsythia 39 Foxgloves 55 Fox Grape 48 Fraxinus 27 Fruit 49	Itea	Nyassa 29 Oak 30-31 Enothera 59 Old Wan 53 Old Woman 53
Funkia	Jersey Tea36	Old Woman 53
Funkia 55 Gaillardia 56 Galega 56	Jersey Tea36 Judas Tree25	Oleaster
Galega56	T	Onoclea63
Gas Plant 55 Geranium 58	Juneberry23	Ouhianagan 50
Geranium58	Juniperus5-6-7	Oriental Plane30
German Catchfly56 Geum56	Kalmia	Oriental Poppy59
Geum56	Juneberry 23 Juniperus 5-6-7 Kalmia 17 Kentucky Coffee Tree, 27 Kerria, See Corchorus 43	Oriental Plane 30 Oriental Poppy 59 Osage Orange 28 Osmanthus 17
Gillenia56	Kerria. See Corchorus. 43	Osmanthus
THE RESERVE AND A SECOND OF THE PARTY OF THE		

PAGE	PAGE	PAGE
Osmunda	Ribbon Grass47	Sweet Shrub35
Osmunda63 Oswego Tea, or Fra-	Ribes	Sycamore30
grant Balm59	Robinia32, 43	Symphoricarpus44
Grant Baini	Rock Cress52	Symphoricarpus44
Oxydendrum29	ROCK Cress	Syringa44
Pæonia59	Rockfoil61	Tanacetum61
Pachysandra59	Rose Acacia43	Tamarix46
Panaver	Rose Campion58	Taxodium32
Pardanthus. See Bel-	Rosemary60	Taxus11-12
emcanda.	Rose of Sharon39, 40	Tecoma. See Bignonia.
Parrotia29	Roses50-51	Thelietrum 69
Paulownia29	Rosmarinus60	Thalictrum 62 Thermopsis 62 Thorn 25-26
Paulownia20		Thermopsis
Pavia. See Æsculus.	Rosy Milfoil51	Thorn
Peaches29, 49	Rubus43	Thorn, Evergreen17
Pearl Bush39	Rudbeckia60	Thrift
Pears49	Rugosa Roses51	Thuya
Pentstemon	Salisburia32	Thujopsis12
Periploca48	Salix32	Thymus
Deriminkle 02	Salvia	Tickseed54
Persian Iron Tree29	Sambucus43	Tigon Lily 50
Persian from free20		Tiger Lily58 Tilia32-33
Persica29	Sandwort	Tina32-33
Persimmon26	Sanguinaria61	Tradescantia62
Phalaris41	Santolina61	Tree of Heaven23
Phellodendron29	Saxifraga61	Trillium62
Dhiladalphus 42	Scotch Broom37	Trollius
Phillyrea	Scabiosa61	Trumpet Vine 47
Phlox60	Sciadopitys11	Tsuga14
Physostegia60	See Duckthown 40	Tulip Tree28
Picea	Sea Buckthorn40	Tump Tree28
Picea	Sea Holly55	Ulmus33
Pine8-9, 11	Sea Lavender61 Senecio61	Umbrella Tree28
Pinks	Senecio	Vaccinium46
Pinus8-9	Sedum	Valeriana62
Plane	Sheepsberry46 Shrub Yellow Root47	Valerian
Platanus30	Shrub Vellow Root 47	Varnish Tree 27
Platycodon60	Shrubby Cinquefoil42	Verbascum62
Plumbago54	Silene	Vernonia62
Diam's		
Plums49	Silk Vine48	Veronica62
Podocarpus9	Small Fruits49	Viburnum46-47 Vinca62
Polemonium60 Poplar30	Smilacina61	Vinca
Poplar30	Snakeroot55	Vines and Climbing
Populus30	Snowball46	Plants47, 48
Poppy	Snowberry	Viola62
Potentilla	Sophora32	Virgilia. See Cladras-
Drimroco 59-60	Sorbus32	tris.
	Speedwell62	Virginia Creeper47
Primuta	Speed Well	
Privet	Spice Bush35	Vitex
Prinus. See, also,	Spiderwort62	Vitis48
Cerasus	Spindle Tree	Wax Myrtle
Pseudotsuga	Spiræa43, 44, 53, 61	Wayfaring Tree46
Ptelea	Spruce	
Pterostyrax30	Stachys	White Fringe 36 White Rod 46 Wolf's-bane 51
Pueraria48	Staphylea44	White Rod
Purple Mist43	Statice	Wolf's-bane 51
Pyrethrum60	Stephanandra45	Willow32
Pyrus30, 42		
Pyrus	Stokesia61	Windflower51-52
Quercus30, 31	Stokes' Aster61	Winola47
Quinces37, 49	Stonecrop61	Winter Berry40
Ranunculus60	Strawberries50	Wistaria48
Ranunculus	Strawberry Bush39 Styrax44	Witch Hazei39
Red Bud, or Judas20	Styrax44	Woodsia63
Reeds and Grasses 47	Sumac	Woodwardia63
Retinospora9-11	Sunflower 56	Xanthoceras47
Rhamnus43	Sunflower	Vantharrhiza 47
Phododendron 18	Sweet Fern36	Varrow 51
Phodotypus 49	Sweet Gum28	Vollow Wood 95
Rhodotypus	Carroot William E4 CO	Yarrow
Riubard	Sweet William54, 60 Sweet Pepper Bush36	Yueca20
Knus	Sweet Pepper Bush36	1 ucca20

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We have done the long waiting—you can secure at once specimens that will give immediate and permanent results.

AS AN EXAMPLE

Note in this Price-List, page 21, Norway Maples, 14 to 20 ft. in height with trunks 4 to 10 in. in diameter. Specimen trees with broad tops and a system of fibrous roots that makes transplanting successful—trees that are sure to grow. Such trees simply "make your place."

AN IMPORTANT POINT

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OUALITY IN TREES MEANS SUCCESSFUL PLANTING